

Everybody liked Dorothy Phillips and "The Heart of Humanity"--She's coming back in a greater production by the same cast Oct. 6-7

**Supreme**  
IN THIS  
DISTRICT

# The Ada Evening News

**News Wants**  
BIG RETURNS

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THREE CENTS THE COPY

## REDLAND FIELD WILL HOLD CROWD

CINCINNATI BALL PARK WILL ACCOMMODATE TENS OF THOUSANDS OF BASEBALL FANS.

By the Associated Press

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 27.—The home grounds of the Cincinnati Nationals, winners of the National League pennant, which is known as Redland Field, will seat approximately 27,000 persons, and accommodate about 33,000 when the local team plays the Chicago White Sox, winners of the American League race for World's series championship honors.

The permanent stands seat 22,000 but the time the first game of the world's series is begun, new seats for 5,000 more persons will have been erected. In addition fans who are not fortunate enough to obtain coupon tickets for seats will find space for about 6,000 persons.

Early in August when Cincinnati played the New York Giants in what was considered by many baseball followers as the crucial game in the pennant race, slightly more than 31,000 persons were on the ball grounds. From this it can be seen that there will be no difficulty for at least 33,000 finding vantage places to view the games.

New seats in left and center field extend over the sidewalk on Western Avenue and along York street and the new box seats are along the first and third base lines. Cincinnati city council elated over the Reds winning the pennant gave the club permission to erect seats over the sidewalks of Western avenue and York street, closing the latter street to traffic for forty days. The playing field will be encroached upon in left and center field to the extent of possibly 18 feet and about the same distance behind the catcher's position and along the first and third base lines. This will contract the playing field somewhat, but it will be possible to drive out legitimate three base hits in left field and home runs in the right.

Redland Field is considered the last word in baseball parks. It is situated at Western Avenue, Findlay and York streets in the western section of the city. The permanent stands are of concrete and steel and the property is owned by the Cincinnati club. The building of the structure was started in September, 1911, and completed in April, 1912, the total cost running to \$399,000.

The grand stand proper has a double deck, and on its left and right are single stands with roofs over them. The right field seats known as the bleachers have no roof shelter.

Box seats extend along the entire front of both floors of the grand stand proper. The press box is on the upper deck of the grand stand, but it was not considered large enough to accommodate all of the newspaper men and telegraph operators reporting the world series games, so extra seats with a temporary covering have been built on the roof of the stand for the working newspaper men.

Five street car lines are routed by way of the ball park, while there is another a square away. The ball park can be reached in 20 minutes by street car from the heart of the city.

The playing field is the pride of Garry Herrmann, president of the club, and chairman of the National Baseball Commission. It lies eight feet below the stands with a slight embankment along the left field extending to the fence enclosure. Left field is shorter from the home plate than is the right field. Right field is the sun field and many players have found it difficult to judge flies batted in that direction.

General admission and prices fixed by the National Baseball Commission will prevail at the World's series games. The Cincinnati club management had announced a scheme for distribution of the 10,000 reserved tickets for public sale that virtually is a plan of placing the names of applicants in some sort of a receptacle and then drawing them out until all 10,000 had been drawn.

**Confederate Veterans Meeting.**  
The Ada camp of Confederate veterans will meet Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the city hall. Business of importance is to be transacted and all veterans are cordially urged to attend the meeting. Matters concerning the approaching reunion at Atlanta will be discussed.

**Notice, R. A. Masons.**  
There will be a meeting of the Royal Arch Masons this evening at the regular meeting place. The time of the meeting is 8 o'clock, which means 9.—D. W. Swaffar, H. P.

Let a Want Ad sell it for you

## GERMAN SHIPS NOT GIVEN OVER NOW

SHIPPING BOARD CLAIMS THE SHIPS BELONG TO AMERICA AS FIRST ALLOCATED. BRITISH CONTRARY.

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The eight German vessels allocated to the United States after the signing of the armistice, including the Hamburg-American steamer, Imperator, the largest ship afloat, are to be turned over to the shipping board by the war department, as soon as the necessary surveys and repairs can be made.

After the allocation to the United States, the ships were used as transports, but Great Britain has contended that their allocation was only temporary and that they were to revert to the allied shipping pool for permanent assignment. J. H. Rosseter, director of operations for the shipping board, said today, however, that the board holds that the original assignment was permanent.

## ANTI-LEAGUE MEN BEGIN CAMPAIGN

SENATOR JOHNSON LEAVES FOR PACIFIC COAST, AND REED TO MIDDLE WEST, INCLUDING OKLAHOMA.

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—With Senator Hiram Johnson, republican, of California, enroute to the Pacific coast to continue his speeches against the league of nations covenant, Senator Reed, democrat, of Missouri, left today for a week's campaign in the Middle West against the league. Senator Reed will make his first address Monday at Muskogee, Okla., and will speak later at Oklahoma City, Ardmore and Tulsa, Okla., Denver, Colo., and Lincoln, Nebraska.

W. L. McAnnally returned home from Oklahoma City last night with a long face and an empty pocket, and there is ample reason for the unsmiling countenance which he presents today, for he is minus of about one hundred and fifteen dollars, which slipped away from him in some mysterious manner while in the "jam" yesterday.

S. M. Shaw attended the fair at Oklahoma City yesterday and reports it to be the best Oklahoma state fair that he has yet seen. He stated that the exhibits in every line were exceptionally good, and complimented very highly the agricultural exhibit of Pontotoc county, which had been so artistically arranged by J. B. Hill, the county demonstrating agent with the assistance of J. B. Emory.

### MICKIE SAYS

YA SEE, BOSS, MY LIL TALK GOT TH RESULTS AN HERE I AM, BRINGIN HOME TH BACON. JUST KEEP ON SENDIN TH PAPER T R. B. BECKWITH AT TEMPE, ARIZONA



### WEATHER FORECAST

Generally cloudy tonight. Showers and cooler in northwest portion Sunday.

## LOST IN "NO MAN'S LAND"



## PRESIDENT WILSON IS RUSHING HOME

SPECIAL TRAIN GIVEN RIGHT OF WAY AND SPEEDING; PRESIDENT RESTING MORE COMFORTABLY.

By the Associated Press

ON BOARD PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL TRAIN, Sept. 27.—With his speaking tour for the peace treaty interrupted by illness and exhaustion, President Wilson is on his way back to Washington today to take a complete rest, on the order of his physician. The special train has been routed direct for the capital and has the right of way for a continuous run at the greatest speed consistent with safety. It crossed the Mississippi at St. Louis early in the day and was expected to be well across the Ohio river by nightfall. It is due in Washington tomorrow morning.

Under the constant care of Dr. Grayson, the president was described as resting comfortably. Dr. Grayson spent the night in the private car. Mayflower, to be near his patient and today he kept in close touch with the president's condition. He said there was nothing alarming in the situation, but that he would insist upon Mr. Wilson's taking an absolute rest for a considerable time.

**Leaves St. Louis.**  
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 27.—President Wilson's special train arrived in St. Louis today at 3:30 A. M., and left at 4:15, stopping only long enough to change engines and take on water. The president was reported to be "resting quietly." His car was in the union station during the half-hour stop here.

## WOUNDED NEGRO WILL PROBABLY RECOVER

The negro Brady who was shot Thursday night in the gun fight with Paul Combs is reported to be resting well today and has an even chance for recovery. A charge of assault with intent to kill has been filed against Combs and he is under bond for appearance. From all reports concerning the difficulty it would appear that Brady was the aggressor and was looking for the trouble he found. Combs and "Black Boss" are not seriously hurt but probably will be gun shy for a season.

## ENGLISH TRAFFIC IS PARALYZED

RAILWAY WORKERS STRIKE AND BRING TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM TO A STATE OF INACTION.

By the Associated Press

LONDON, Sept. 27.—So far as could be learned this morning the members of the national union of railway men had walked out in a body at midnight and the stoppage of service was complete. Telephonic and telegraph reports to the executive committee of the union from distant railroad centers indicates that local branches are supporting the committee's action.

Even officials of the Southeastern Railway admitted that their service had ceased, while subway trains had come to a complete standstill shortly after ten o'clock.

## Pavement Pickups

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Harvey were among the disappointed who returned last night from Oklahoma City where they went to greet the president upon his arrival there.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Harvey and daughter, Maurine, returned last night from Oklahoma City. They went up on the train but returned home in a new Ford car.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brydia and daughter, Maurine, returned today from Oklahoma City where they went several days ago, making the trip overland.

W. N. Wray of the Ada Motor Company, has been in Detroit, Mich., for the past week. His mission there was to get an immediate shipment of cars and to secure better deliveries of cars in the future.

It looked as tho J. W. Dean was going to be tardy at the Wilson celebration yesterday in Oklahoma City, as he did not leave Ada until the Katy went north last evening. However, Mr. Dean stated that he was going up to attend district court and would possibly take in the fair as a side issue.

Judge and Mrs. C. A. Galbreath returned this morning from Oklahoma City on the special over the Katy, arriving home at three o'clock, and as a consequence Judge Galbreath looked like a very sleepy man this morning when he boarded the train for Coalgate where he went to look after business matters.

## CIVIL WAR ON IN ITALY NOW

ALARMISTS REPORT MILITARY LEADERS AND NATIONALISTS LINE UP AGAINST SOCIALISTS.

By the Associated Press

ROME, Sept. 27.—Alarmist, reports are current in this city, one of them being that a civil war is imminent. On one side would be ranged the nationalists and militarists factions which would be opposed by the Socialists. Several generals are credited with the intention of having the military factions with a view of controlling the government, it being said they believe the weakness of those in power since the armistice brought the present deadlock. Some of these generals have already been mentioned as being in league with Capt. Gabriele D'Annunzio before the Fiume raid with the object of overthrowing by force the Nitti cabinet and replacing it with a military dictatorship.

Foreign Minister Tittoni is said to have expressed the belief that the first thing to be done in the present serious situation is for the cabinet to resign, thus eliminating one reason for discord. It is said this was the formation of a national cabinet, including all of the leaders of the chief political parties which would give the government the greatest possible power under the circumstances.

Milton Garner, county clerk of Pontotoc county, returned last night from Oklahoma City where he spent three days and nights looking over the sights of the state fair. Since the president did not arrive in the city as per date set, Mr. Garner wishes to state to his friends that he WAS NOT on the reception committee to welcome Mr. Wilson to the city, but that his sole mission there was to attend the County Clerks' Association, which was held on Thursday and Friday at the Lee-Huckins Hotel. The most important features of this meeting were a splendid talk by Scott Ferris and one by Mr. Hammond of the state examiner's office. Also a resolution was adopted by the association endorsing the league of nations. At the regular business meeting Mr. Garner was elected president of the state association, and Mrs. C. K. Maddox of Sapulpa, Creek county, was elected secretary.

Bring your clean cotton rags to the Ada News office. We will pay you 3c a pound.

## GRAND JURY TO TRY TWO ACCUSED

SPIRITUALISM USED IN AN ENDEAVOR TO LOCATE THE SLAYERS OF ROBIN J. COOPER.

By the Associated Press

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 27.—Spiritualism has been resorted to in an endeavor to solve the mysterious murder of Robin J. Cooper, prominent attorney, upon testimony of Gabriel Hansen, psycho-analytical detective, Dennie Metcalf and a negro cook have been held for the grand jury after a preliminary hearing. Hansen declared that in apparition demonstration he had "seen Metcalf kill Cooper."

He then gave the details of his investigation: "Shortly after Cooper disappeared," Hansen declared, "Metcalf rented a room in the Central part of the city and in this room was found a covered pillow slip with the letter C embroidered in pink and also a black stained suit of clothes. Several old newspapers of the same date as those found in Cooper's automobile after the murder also were found in the room."

## BETHLEHEM OUT MONDAY MORNING

CLAIMS THIS STRIKE WILL AFFECT BETWEEN 40,000 AND 50,000 MEN. WALKOUT AT 6 O'CLOCK A. M.

By the Associated Press

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 27.—The national committee for the organization of iron and steel workers at a meeting here today ordered a general strike in the plants of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation to become effective next Monday morning at 6 o'clock.

Secretary William Z. Foster of the committee in announcing the strike said that between 40,000 and 50,000 men who did not go out last Monday were expected to be affected. He asserted that the Bethlehem plants were among the best organized in the country.

W. S. Woods of Lawrence received a very painful, if not serious, injury yesterday when one of his work mules kicked him in the breast. Mrs. J. T. Emery, daughter of Mr. Woods, who lives here, went to her father's bedside yesterday as soon as she received word of the accident. Mrs. Emery returned home this morning and reported her father resting very well. The attending physician said Mr. Woods had no broken bones, but he was badly bruised.

## FASHION SAYS, "FEATHERS DOWN"



And so the designer has taken a long copper colored pheasant tail and wound it around this small tam-shaped hat of clipped beaver and let it extend down almost to milady's waist. And even though it is a bit unusual it is "so chic, my dear."

## STEEL MILLS TO RESUME WORK

OFFICIALS SAY MILLS WILL RESUME MONDAY. STRIKERS EXPRESS CONFIDENCE IN OUTCOME.

By the Associated Press

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 27.—The first week of the steel strike ended today with the situation evidently a deadlock, while both sides waited with keen anticipation for Monday when a test of the claims of respective strength will be offered. Steel company officials expressed the fullest confidence that the opening of another week would see such a number of desertions from the ranks of the strikers that the backbone of the union resistance would be broken. Leaders of the strikers were equally optimistic in their predictions that the ranks of their followers would not be broken.

In the meantime the strike generals were neglecting no effort to strengthen their position in anticipation of the coming test. Mass meetings were held today and will be continued tomorrow throughout the Pittsburgh district and union organizers are striving for new recruits to fortify the resolution of their existing forces.

So far as the threatened strike of 40,000 workers in the plants of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation is concerned, there is no definite change in the situation. Neither side has given any inclination of yielding and the union leaders are continuing their preparations for calling out the men Monday. Rumors of the pending spread of the strike through allied industries continue but without definite basis on which to form a conclusion.

**Carnegie to Reopen.**  
By the Associated Press

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Sept. 27.—Following a canvas of employees after they had received their pay today, officials of the Ohio works of the Carnegie Steel Company announced that an attempt will be made Monday to reopen the mills. The announcement marks the first effort at resumption of work in the Mahoning valley since the strike caused all its plants to close.

**Sense and Nonsense.**

It was at a meeting of the bar association in Arkansas that some of the Colonel's friends sought to confuse him by proposing that he respond to the toast, "Water." Dashing off a bumper of the world's greatest liquid, he spilled this: "Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies and Gentlemen: You have asked me to respond to the toast 'water,' the purest and best of the things that God created. I want to say to you that I have seen it glistening in tiny drops on the sleeping lids of infancy; I have seen it trickle down the blushing cheeks of youth and go in rushing torrent down the crinkled cheeks of age. I have seen it in tiny dewdrops on the blades of grass and the leaves of trees, flashing like polished diamonds when the morning sun burst in resplendent glory over the eastern hills. I have seen it trickle down the mountain sides in tiny rivulets with the music of liquid silver, striking on beds of polished diamonds. I have seen it in the rushing rivers rippling over pebbled bottoms, purling about jutting stones, roaring over precipitous falls, in its mad rush to join the Father of Waters. I have seen it go in slow and majestic sweep to join the ocean. And I have seen it in the mighty ocean, on whose broad bosom float the battle-fleets of all nations and the commerce of the world. But, ladies and gentlemen, I want to say to you now that as a beverage it is a dam failure."

**First Presbyterian Church.**

M. B. Molloy, formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church, but now head of the English department of East Central State normal, will, at the request of the presbytery, occupy the pulpit of that church Sunday morning. Mr. Molloy will preach an informal sermon and at the direction of the presbytery will declare the pulpit vacant. Every member of the church is urged to be present.

Mrs. M. E. Kimbro left this morning for Bromide, Okla., where she will make her home with her son, Oscar, who is principal of the Kimbro high school at that place. Mrs. Kimbro has been one of Pontotoc county's most successful school teachers for the past several years, and she had already contracted for a year's work at Summers Chapel, but on account of ill health has given up her work there and expects to make her home with her son at Bromide where she hopes to be benefited in health. Brooks Kimbro, son of Mrs. M. E. Kimbro of Connersville, who had been her guest for several days, returned to his home this morning.



## GRAVE SITUATION FACES COUNTRY

FEDERAL CHURCH COUNCIL OF  
CHURCHES OF CHRIST CALLS  
ATTENTION TO RACIAL  
QUESTIONS.

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Asserting that "we must face frankly the fact that the most dangerous interracial situation now threatens our country," the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America made public here today a "constructive program" for protecting negroes against mob violence, bettering their condition, and removing the cause of racial troubles.

The plan was formulated by the council acting in conjunction with a committee representing white and negro citizens from all sections of the United States. At a meeting of the committee held here recently a discussion of the racial situation took place and it was decided to issue "a call to the citizens of the United States to get in conformity with the high ideals of democracy and Christianity in the present condition of strained relations between the races."

The statement outlining the program is signed by Frank Mason North, president of the Federal Council, Albert G. Lawson, chairman of its Administrative Committee, Wilbur P. Thirkfield, chairman of the committee on negro churches, and Charles S. Macfarland, general secretary of the council.

The first paragraph of the program urges protection against mob violence. It follows:

"The government, local, state and national, should impartially guarantee to all classes security of life and property. Mob violence is becoming a crowd habit. When life and property are ruthlessly taken, when men and women are lynched with no protection from officers or courts, law and order are trampled under foot. We call upon the pulpit, the press and all good people to create a public sentiment that will support necessary legislation for the enforcement of existing laws, that life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness may be equally secured to all classes."

"The negro should have economic justice, equal opportunity to get and hold work on the same terms as other men, with equal pay for equal work and with fair working and living conditions," the program continues. "The entrance of large numbers of negroes into the various industries emphasizes the necessity of an immediate amicable adjustment of relations with white employers and fellow-workers."

Referring to crimes that provoke mob violence it is said:

"We call upon men and women everywhere to protect the sanctity of home and womanhood. We record with satisfaction the growing enlistment of negro leaders in a program of education and Christianization such as tends to prevent crimes that provoke mob violence. The home of the negro should receive the same measure of respect and protection as that of other Americans, and the sanctity of his home relations should be safeguarded in every possible way. Swift and impartial action of the law should strike the violator of the sanctity of any home, white or black."

Adequate recreational provisions are recommended for negroes on the ground that is "fundamental to the welfare and efficiency of society." The plea of the negro for "equal traveling accommodations for equal charges" is also indorsed.

"Adequate educational facilities for negro children and youth should be provided not only as a national obligation but as a necessity for national welfare," the committee says. "We emphasize the urgency of giving to the negro his full share of local and national funds." It is also asserted that "qualifications for franchise should be administered irrespective of race, creed or color."

The council advocates closer cooperation between white persons and negroes. This could be brought about, it says, by organizing local committees of white persons and negroes in towns and communities for the consideration of inter-racial welfare.

The council also recommends that the government, each state appoint a standing committee for the study of causes underlying racial friction with a view to their removal. It advocates also that "congress be requested through a non-partisan committee to investigate the disturbed and threatening inter-racial situation throughout the nation."

"The root of the matter," it says, "is the failure to recognize the negro as a man. If we propose a democratic program for the protection and self-determination of the weak and oppressed people of Europe as a means of permanent peace and good will abroad, let us apply the same program at home."

A statement by the council prefacing the program asserts that "the recent race conflicts in some of our cities is a challenge to the churches charged with the promotion of the brotherhood of man. This calls for preaching the duty of economic and community justice for the negro, thus securing peace and good will between the races."

If your brain don't work right and you feel tired and lazy, you may be sure your system is clogged up somewhere. You should take Prickly Ash Bitters. It is a thorough system tonic and bowel purifier, it invigorates and strengthens both body and brain. Price \$1.25 per Mays Drug Co., special agents.—Adv.

## English Train Service Slowly Breaking Down

By the Associated Press

LONDON, Aug. 26. (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—British trains are slowing down and in some instances hours are being added to journeys.

This is particularly true of trains going out of London. The pre-war time of a train from Liverpool to Birmingham was two hours. Now it is two hours and a half. To Liverpool the pre-war time was three hours, and 35 minutes, now it is four hours and a half.

The northeast coast has suffered terribly. The Scotch express service, formerly the best of all, is now looked upon as quite the worst. For example the journey from Euston station to Aberdeen, which during 1895 was accomplished in 8 hours 42 minutes, now occupies nearly 14 hours.

The trains which carry pleasure seekers to the coast resorts in the south also have slowed down, and some of the best have disappeared, never to return under government control, many persons believe.

Opponents of government control point out that only one company has emerged from the war with an improved service—the Southeastern & Chatham. As long as any one can remember the Kentish lines were spoken of with ridicule and abuse, but for the summer of 1919 Kent is the only part of the country enjoying an express service which is better than the best provided before the war.

## CLEMENCEAU'S VIEW OF LEAGUE FUTURE

By News' Special Service

PARIS, Sept. 24.—In an explanation to the chamber of deputies Premier Clemenceau, after declaring that the League of Nations could exist even though rejected by the United States senate, asserted that it was precisely because the French felt that the League of Nations was an insufficient guarantee for some years to come that the protective treaties of alliance between France, Great Britain and the United States were drawn up.

The possibility of non-ratification of the peace treaty and the covenant of the League of Nations by the United States senate; the consequences in such event to the guarantees for the future of France and the question whether the League of Nations could exist without the United States as a member, occupied the entire afternoon's debate.

The vote in the United States senate yesterday, postponing consideration of one of the amendments, is regarded as significant and caused surprise in the French chamber. Louis Barthou repeatedly asked the government for explanations.

Protective Alliance. Andre Tardieu and M. Pichon, the foreign minister, replied, but the chamber was not satisfied. Premier Clemenceau then declared that even in the event of the United States senate not voting for the League of Nations covenant, the league could exist. The treaties constituting a protective alliance between France, Great Britain and the United States, he added, were not dependent upon the league. They would come into force, and France would be protected.

M. Barthou interrupted M. Tardieu and demanded an immediate reply as to what situation France would be placed in should the United States not ratify. He added that it was through delicacy he had refrained from asking this question before, as he wished and hoped that the senate would finally begin the discussion and reach its conclusions. But now this seemed hopeless and the question must be settled immediately, as American ratification was distant, "if it occurred at all."

M. Tardieu declared that he personally was satisfied that the United States senate would ratify the treaty.

M. Barthou countered, saying that he was far from satisfied and, citing the vote of 43 to 44 on Senator Lodge's motion for postponement as a fair warning as the ultimate fate of the pact.

Side Treaty Unaffected. M. Pichon's reply that "legally speaking," the league could exist without America's participation brought the retort from Mr. Barthou that what France wanted was political guarantees, not legal guarantees. He asserted that the government must face the issue immediately.

Premier Clemenceau said: "Should the United States reject the League of Nations, two treaties of alliance between France and Great Britain, and France and the United States exist. Nevertheless, it was precisely because we felt that the League of Nations was an insufficient guarantee for some years to come that these treaties were drawn up. The League of Nations for the present has nothing to do with the Franco-British-American treaties, which constitute sufficient guarantees for France."

All members of the Chamber of Commerce and the baseball fans of the country are requested to meet at the court house Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 8 P. M., for the purpose of organizing a baseball association for the coming year. Don't forget the time—this means action. 9-24-5td

Don't forget where to get your oil and gas leases, assignments, releases, etc. Ada News office.

## JURY BRINGS IN 100 INDICTMENTS

By News' Special Service

OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 26.—The federal grand jury brought in 112 indictments in its report submitted at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon to Judge John H. Cotteral at the United States district court. The jury has been sitting since September 15th, and it has examined nearly 400 witnesses.

There are a dozen white slavery indictments in the list, more than ever were returned before in the district, according to officers at the federal building. For whiskey cases of all sorts, including charges of selling to Indians and to soldiers, introducing liquor into Indian territory, and manufacturing liquor, there are approximately sixty indictments. About twelve of the indictments charge conspiracies for various purposes in violation of section 37 of the federal code. There are also several postoffice robbery cases, mail frauds and larcenies. There are said to be no indictments for profiteering and hoarding.

The complete list of indictments will not be announced until after the persons named are arrested. All defendants who have not been arraigned yet are called to appear before Judge Cotteral at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. More than 20 were arraigned before the judge yesterday afternoon after the grand jury had reported.

Among those arraigned were Louis Pickelheimer of Greer county, who pleaded guilty to having operated a distillery and who will be sentenced October 16 at Lawton. Many others either pleaded not guilty or asked to be allowed until Saturday to decide as to what plea they will make. Among those included in that classification are the following:

Bennie Lester, Oklahoma City, dealing in narcotics; Ed Gray, negro, Enid, dealing in narcotics; Martin Dale Sharp, Oklahoma City, white slavery; H. R. Shart, Lawton, white slavery; Harry Lorenzo LeVinita, white slavery; John Bowman, Pawhuska, white slavery; A. F. Stone, Hutchinson, Kans., white slavery; Carl McMillan, Wichita, Kans., white slavery; G. E. Dunnegan, Chickasha, white slavery.

## Railroad Rolling Stock Saved On Siberian Railway

OMSK, July 20, via Vladivostok, Aug. 12. (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Ninety per cent of the railroad rolling stock in the Perm, Ekaterinburg and Cheliabinsk districts was pulled out before the territory was given over to the Bolsheviks, according to General Jack of the Inter-Allied Technica committee, who assisted in the evacuation. Over 30,000 freight cars and approximately 600 locomotives were saved.

The railroad bridge over the Kama at Perm, 970 yards long, was put out of commission by the Siberian military before leaving. It is not so seriously damaged, however, that it cannot be easily repaired. One complete span was dumped into the river.

The Kama fleet, 39 vessels, several of which had been converted into gunboats but later dismantled, was accidentally burned.

General Jack left Perm four hours before the Bolshevik shells began to fall in the town. With him came Otto T. Glaman, American vice consul, who had been asked by the Russian authorities to remain at his post as late as possible for the moral effect of his presence on the population during the days of evacuation. General Jack was loud in his praises of Glaman for valuable assistance rendered him in keeping trains moving.

The peasant population as well as the bourgeoisie fled before the Bolshevik advance. Families loaded their possessions onto carts or boxcars and took the road east. Every country road leading out was filled with these cars moving in caravans, leading cows and horses, often carrying pigs and fowls. It was not unusual to find a family of four or five crowded into a boxcar with all their domestic animals and household goods, bound eastward with no fixed destination.

Practically no stocks of merchandise were moved. The railway machine shops were left intact as were factories of all sorts, no effort having been made to destroy them as would probably have been the case if evacuating to a foreign foe.

## "I Was So Weak That I Could Not Walk"

Rich-Tone Is Making Me Strong and Healthy.—Says F. Maese.

"I was so very weak and nervous, had lost all my appetite and had become in such a bad physical condition that at times I could not walk. I saw your advertisement on Rich-Tone and am now taking it. I feel so much better that I take pleasure in recommending Rich-Tone to all my friends as the very best tonic in the world."

**Take RICH-TONE**  
and gain new energy

Rich-Tone makes more red corpuscles, enriching and purifying the blood. It contains all of the elements that are needed most in maintaining strength and vigor. Rich-Tone tests the three nerves, restores appetite, induces healthy sleep—it gives you all those things which mean well-being. Get a bottle today—only \$1.00 at our drug store.

## Biggest Roads Campaign is Now On In County

By News' Special Service

OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 26.—The United States is in the midst of the greatest highway building campaign in the history of the world. The aggregate amount to be expended this year on the roads and lanes of the county would build and duplicate another Panama canal. According to figures collected by the B. F. Goodrich Rubber company, combined forces of the federal government, states and counties will spend \$375,000,000 in new construction and maintenance of the nation's network of highways. This is the first complete survey of 1919 road funds expenditures. The amounts to be spent in each state in the union follows:

**How Money Is Spent.**  
Alabama, \$1,000,000; Arizona, \$6,250,000; Arkansas, \$4,297,398; California, \$20,000,000; Colorado, \$4,742,000; Connecticut, \$8,000,000; Delaware, \$8,528,000; Florida, \$8,000,000; Georgia, \$7,911,000; Idaho, \$2,100,000; Illinois, \$6,013,304; Indiana, \$12,000,000; Iowa, \$20,498,534; Kansas, \$8,000,000; Kentucky, \$3,500,000; Louisiana, \$2,000,000; Maine, \$1,630,000; Maryland, \$6,750,000; Massachusetts, \$6,000,000; Michigan, \$15,000,000; Minnesota, \$11,127,986; Mississippi, \$7,000; Missouri, \$5,113,079; Montana, \$6,300,000; Nebraska, \$1,377,493; New Hampshire, \$1,620,000; New Jersey, \$5,500,000; New Mexico, \$2,000,000; North Carolina, \$5,000,000; North Dakota, \$1,082,000; Ohio, \$13,321,000; Oklahoma, \$3,600,000; Oregon, \$8,000,000; Pennsylvania, \$8,780,000; Rhode Island, \$1,470,000; South Carolina, \$7,000,000; South Dakota, \$6,767,276; Tennessee, \$3,650,996; Texas, \$60,480,000; Utah, \$10,092,794; Vermont, \$1,797,650; Virginia, \$3,400,000; Washington, \$6,500,000; West Virginia, \$2,000,000; Wisconsin, \$3,200,000; Wyoming, \$6,500,000; total, \$340,394,536.

Recently Goodrich officials estimate that the expenditures for highways improvement is approximately \$3.09 per capita, or, to emphasize this, each man, woman and child in the United States would contribute this much for the building and bettering of roads were taxation on such a basis. Were the expense apportioned out on an average basis each state would pay \$7,083,333.

The era of good-roads talk has at last been succeeded by the era of good-roads construction. Public sentiment is solidly behind extensive highway building programs now, says one of the Goodrich highway correspondents, but the enthusiasm must not wane. The millions being spent will be spent in vain unless states undertake to repair roads as quickly as they build.

**War Slowed Things.** While the amount available for expenditure this year seems staggering, and the war restriction brakes applied brought road building almost to a stop in many localities.

Three great factors have been largely responsible for this year's amazing highway expenditures. First the incentive for states to match federal aid appropriations; second, the passage of enormous bond issues for good roads in many states, and third, the attention on the urgent need of good roads by the war.

Reports from the state highway commissioners to the Goodrich officials give some interesting individual features.

Construction in Virginia during the next six years of 3,750 miles of highway at a cost of more than \$60,000,000 has been approved.

In the New England states, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Vermont and New Hampshire have been interesting in closing up short gaps in their main highways, which are otherwise improved for the entire distance. The same condition has been true in New York, where numerous projects are being linked up with an extensive network of roads which are already hard surfaced.

**Dixie Highway Triumph.**

One of the features of this year's work will be the completion of the Dixie highway, which will be done by the states co-operating with each other and the government. For instance, in Illinois the highway will be improved in many spots, one of which is over a distance of 54.5 miles at a cost of \$904,700, and the construction will be of concrete and bituminous macadam. At the same time Georgia will be working on the road from Atlanta through to Macon, a distance of 72 miles, and a continuation of the Dixie Highway in that state. In Tennessee and Kentucky projects are under way which will further serve to improve this famous old highway, which cuts through the central section of the country from north to south.

Iowa is entitled to the palm for consistent road construction. This state, which has more automobiles per capita than any other state in the union, spent in the neighborhood of \$15,000,000 during both 1917 and 1918 and is spending \$20,498,534 this year. Iowa has an ideal road-building program.

When their state system is completed it will not only be the equivalent of a trunk line system converging to the cities, but to a trunk line clear across the state from east to west through every county, and north and south through every county as well. The Iowa plan will give each state the most notable road achievement of any state of the nation. Nowhere else has a system been adopted that treats every county alike or that reaches every district impartially.

Texas leads the nation in highway expenditures this year with \$60,480,000 available. Texas also led

last year. Within her borders Texas has 126,000 miles of unimproved roads, as against 22,000 miles of improved highway.

Iowa, California, Michigan, Ohio, Indiana and Minnesota rank next to Texas in expenditures for road building in the order named. Thus it will be noted that the agricultural states' appropriations exceed those of other regions by many millions.

## CHARGES THAT AUSTRIA BEGAN WAR BY FRAUD

By the Associated Press

LONDON, Sept. 26.—According to a dispatch to the Daily News from Vienna, the Austrian foreign office has published a supplementary Red Book, dealing with the period preceding the outbreak of the war "in order to help in restoring that clearness in the country's relations with all other states which is necessary for a lasting understanding."

There are three documents in the book which leave the impression that Count Berchtold, then foreign secretary, obtained Emperor Francis Joseph's signature by fraud. On July 28 he laid a report before the emperor asking him immediately to declare war in order to prevent the entente from preserving peace.

"I do not think it impossible," he observed, "that the triple entente powers may make another attempt to bring about a peaceful settlement of the conflict should not a declaration of war create a clear situation."

Then he reported that hostilities had already been opened, as the Serbians had fired from Danube steamers near Temeskubin on Austro-Hungarian troops. The latter had returned the fire and an engagement developed. The text of the declaration which he made the aged monarch sign ran as follows: "The Austro-Hungarian government was itself compelled to have recourse to force of arms in order to safeguard its rights and interests, the more so as Serbian troops have already attacked a detachment of an Austro-Hungarian army near Temeskubin."

Having received the emperor's signature, Berchtold, it is declared, struck out the reference to the engagement, and dispatched the declaration with its text thus altered and reporting the change to the emperors as follows:

"As the news of the engagement near Temeskubin was not confirmed, and hoping for the subsequent approval of Your Majesty, I have taken it upon myself to eliminate the reference to the attack by Serbian troops near Temeskubin."

There was never an engagement near Temeskubin, and the whole affair seems to have been invented in order more easily to induce the old emperor to sign the declaration of war.

## Suffered With Rheumatism, Catarrh and Stomach Trouble

"I think Number 40 For the Blood as a blood purifier has no equal. When I began to take Number 40, I was in very poor health, as I had rheumatism, Catarrh, Stomach Trouble, Lead Poisoning, and an Itch that I had tried almost every known remedy to relieve. I have taken six bottles of 'Number 40' and am on a fast road to recovery. I owe my life to it, as I used to weigh 127 pounds and now weigh 148, my usual weight. I could write more but this should be enough to convince the most skeptical, and you are at liberty to use this letter any way you desire." George Klinker, Lima, Ohio.

The ingredients in "Number 40 For the Blood" are set down in the U. S. Dispensatory and other reliable medical books as follows: "Employed in diseases of the glandular system, in blood poison, constipation, stomach and liver troubles, chronic rheumatism, catarrh, sores, ulcers, skin eruptions, mercurial and lead poisoning. Under its use nodes, tumors, scrofulous swellings that have withstood all other treatment disappear as if by magic."

Prepared by J. C. Mendenhall, Evansville, Ind., 40 years a druggist. Sold in Ada by Gwin & Mays Drug Co., and druggists everywhere.—Adv.

Ardmoreite: It was the Pittsburg man who paid \$10,000 to have his family tree looked up, only to pay \$50,000 to have it hushed up.

## Hundred Eighty Days In Jail and \$250 Fine Given

DURANT, Sept. 26.—County Attorney Phillips and Assistant County Attorney Stinson scored a heavy victory yesterday in county court, when a jury assessed a fine of \$250 and 180 days in the county jail against Tom Cole, on a charge of violating the prohibitory law.

According to the officers, they have broken up several stills in the eastern part of the county, and it is alleged that they were operated

by Cole. The case yesterday was for selling. He has another case that is being tried today. He has several cases on the docket.

**One Thousand People**  
—and even more, will want us to make photographs for them for holiday gifts. This same thousand or more will wait 'till the last minute and rush down—and then up and ask us to get out twelve thousand photographs in time to catch the next train. The wise ones will come early. Phone for appointment. Phone 34.

**Stall's Studio**



# ITCH!

A WAR-TIME ILL THAT'S SPREADING  
HUNT'S SALVE CURES IT!

BRED in the war trenches of Europe, a wave of ordinary ITCH is spreading over the country. This skin disease, history shows, has always prevailed, following wars and the concentration of armies. It was common during the Civil War and following that conflict. There was an epidemic of the Itch after the Spanish-American War. Now history is repeating itself after the great European struggle.

Returned soldiers and those with whom they come in contact will find a recognized remedy for the Itch in Hunt's Salve, commonly known as "Hunt's Itch Cure." Many a veteran of the late '90's will testify to its merits.

If directions are followed, HUNT'S SALVE will prove a never failing cure for all forms of the Itch, and your druggist will tell you so. He sells HUNT'S SALVE under a strict guarantee to refund the purchase price to any dissatisfied user.

A Medford, Oklahoma man, among thousands who praise HUNT'S SALVE, says:

"Some people dislike to call it the Itch, but candor compels me to admit I had it badly. Your Hunt's Salve, however, cured me after many other remedies had totally failed. One box completed the cure—the first application afforded wonderful relief. My advice to those who have to scratch, is to use Hunt's Salve."

Hunt's Salve is especially compounded for the treatment of Itch, Eczema, Ringworm, Tetter and other itching skin diseases and is sold on our guarantee by all reliable drug stores, or it will be sent direct by mail if your local druggist cannot supply. Price 75c per box.

A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE COMPANY, INC. SHERMAN, TEXAS.

GWIN & MAYS DRUG CO.

# BALDWIN CONCERT GRAND

Adorns the Floor of  
**L. T. WALTERS' MUSIC STORE**

Have you seen it? It's a FULL GROWN PIANO and the VERY BEST THAT THIS GREAT REPUBLIC PRODUCES. No better piano was ever made; no better piano ever will be made unless "BALDWIN" makes it.

This famous line of pianos is handled  
exclusively by  
**L. T. Walters' Music Store**  
(The best goods for less money)  
115 South Townsend — Telephone 13


Increase Your Income Through Greater Earning  
Power by Attending

## Stauffer's Business College

219-221 East Main Street, Ada, Oklahoma

Students May Enroll at Any Time. Night School Opens Sept. 22

PHONE 233



## IT'S EASY SAILING

for the man with a  
**BANK ACCOUNT**  
How is it with you?

### First National Bank

P. A. Norris, President. M. D. Timberlake, Vice-President.  
Tom King, Cashier.



## The Town Gossip

WHEN THE Lord made Eve,  
HE MUST have made her,  
WITH SIX hands.

OR SOMETHING.  
AT ANY rate,  
HE MUST have made her,  
WITH THE ability.

OF DOING a hundred things,  
AT THE same time,  
AND THIS morning,  
MY WIFE was feeling.

RATHER BAD.  
AND I made her,  
STAY IN bed,  
BECAUSE I had to get up.

REAL EARLY any way,  
AND I went,  
AND STARTED to cook,  
MY OWN breakfast.

AND I'D watched her,  
LONG ENOUGH,  
TO FEEL confident,  
THAT I could do it.

WITHOUT ANY trouble,  
AND I put some toast,  
IN THE oven,  
AND TWO eggs.

IN BOILING water,  
AND SOME bacon,  
IN A frying pan,  
AND SOME coffee.

IN ANOTHER pan,  
AND STARTED to set the table,  
LIKE I'D seen her do,  
AND GOT half way through.

WHEN I heard the coffee,  
GATHERING DATA ON  
THE OKLAHOMA SUIT

By News' Special Service  
AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 26.—Assistant Attorney General C. W. Taylor has returned from Washington, where he went three weeks ago with Attorney General Cureton to gather data in the federal departments for use by the State of Texas in its boundary controversy with Oklahoma and the federal government. Mr. Cureton will not return to Austin until Monday, he having gone to Walnut Springs with his wife to attend the funeral of Mrs. Cureton's mother.

Mr. Taylor said that a large mass of information was secured and that it will be studied and from it the Attorney General's course decided. As yet, he said, the Attorney General has not decided what procedure will be followed, whether he will

BOILING OVER,  
AND I rushed to the stove,  
AND GRABBED it up quick,  
AND QUITE a lot of smoke.

WAS COMING out of the oven,  
AND I opened the door,  
AND THE toast was black,  
AND AT the same time.

I HAPPENED to glance,  
AT THE bacon,  
AND I noticed,  
THAT IT had kinder curled up.

AND LOOKED sickly,  
AND I took that off the stove,  
AN JUST about then,  
I HAPPENED to think of the eggs.

AND I fished them out,  
OF THE boiling water,  
AND LOOKED at my watch,  
AND FOUND out.

THAT THEY'D been boiling,  
FOR FIVE minutes,  
AND I like my eggs soft,  
AND BY that time,

IT WAS growing late anyway,  
SO I went to the stairs,  
AND CALLED my wife,  
AND TOLD her.

THAT BREAKFAST was ready,  
AND BEFORE she had a chance,  
TO GET down stairs,  
I LEFT in a hurry.

AND WENT down,  
TO MRS. Land's restaurant,  
AND HAD a pretty good breakfast,  
AFTER ALL.

I THANK you.  
await court action by the federal government or Oklahoma or go into the supreme court of the United States in the name of the State of Texas to assert its claim to the territory immediately south of the old Red River channel and on which rich oil wells have been brought in.

Shawnee Herald: The fact that Gus Enloe is moving back to McAlester from Muskogee where he has maintained his office as United States marshal, seems to indicate that there is really something in the rumor that Gus will make an attempt to get Charley Carter's seat in congress next time and thus in a way follow in the footsteps of his illustrious father who served the state of Tennessee so well.

Bring in that picture and let me frame it for you.—C. A. Cummins.

## BASEBALL MEETING TUESDAY EVENING

To give Ada the best amateur baseball possible is the intention of local fans just now. There is under way a movement to insure for 1920 the best year in the history of baseball insofar as Ada is concerned, and it is with this end in view that a meeting of baseball enthusiasts has been called at the district court room for next Tuesday evening.

Some of the more sanguine are talking of a league composed of neighboring cities for next season and many believe that such a project would prove a winner. They call attention to the convenient location of Shawnee, Holdenville, Okmulgee, Henryetta, McAlester, and Denison, and declare that a small circuit league can be organized among these towns that will furnish abundant amusement when the horsehide and willow take the field next spring.

Whether the league can be put over or not the fans are determined to have a team in Ada next season that will write some history among the amateur teams of the state. Just now they are interested in getting a park of their very own and are discussing the best way of erecting a commodious grand stand to accommodate the largest crowd that can be induced to attend a game. Several suitable sites for a ball park are mentioned, and it is probable that the question of securing a site will come before the meeting next Tuesday evening.

Two things that every live city needs and must have to shine with the proper lustre are a band and a ball team. Ada now has a band that she is proud of, and we miss our guess if the next year fails to present in Ada uniform one of the best teams of ball players in Oklahoma. Lend a hand in helping the game along and be sure to attend the meeting Tuesday evening. It is a matter of real importance. We shall expect to find you on the front seat when the meeting is called to order.

## BURLESON DENIES VIOLATING ORDER

By News' Special Service  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Denial that any effort has been made by the postoffice department to influence the civil service commission in the rating of eligible appointees for postmasters of first, second and third class office is made by Postmaster General Burleson in a letter to Speaker Gillett.

On the contrary, the department he asserted, has observed "at all times in letter and in spirit" the presidential order for the certification of the candidates with the highest rating.

To substantiate his statement, Mr. Burleson included in his letter a tabulation showing "conclusively" that the charges so frequently made that the postmaster general is violating the executive order is unfair, unjust and without foundation in fact.

The letter was prompted by house adoption of a resolution calling for detailed information about the postmaster general's appointments, after the dispute between Mr. Burleson and former members of the commission.

## Kansas People Are Building Better Roads

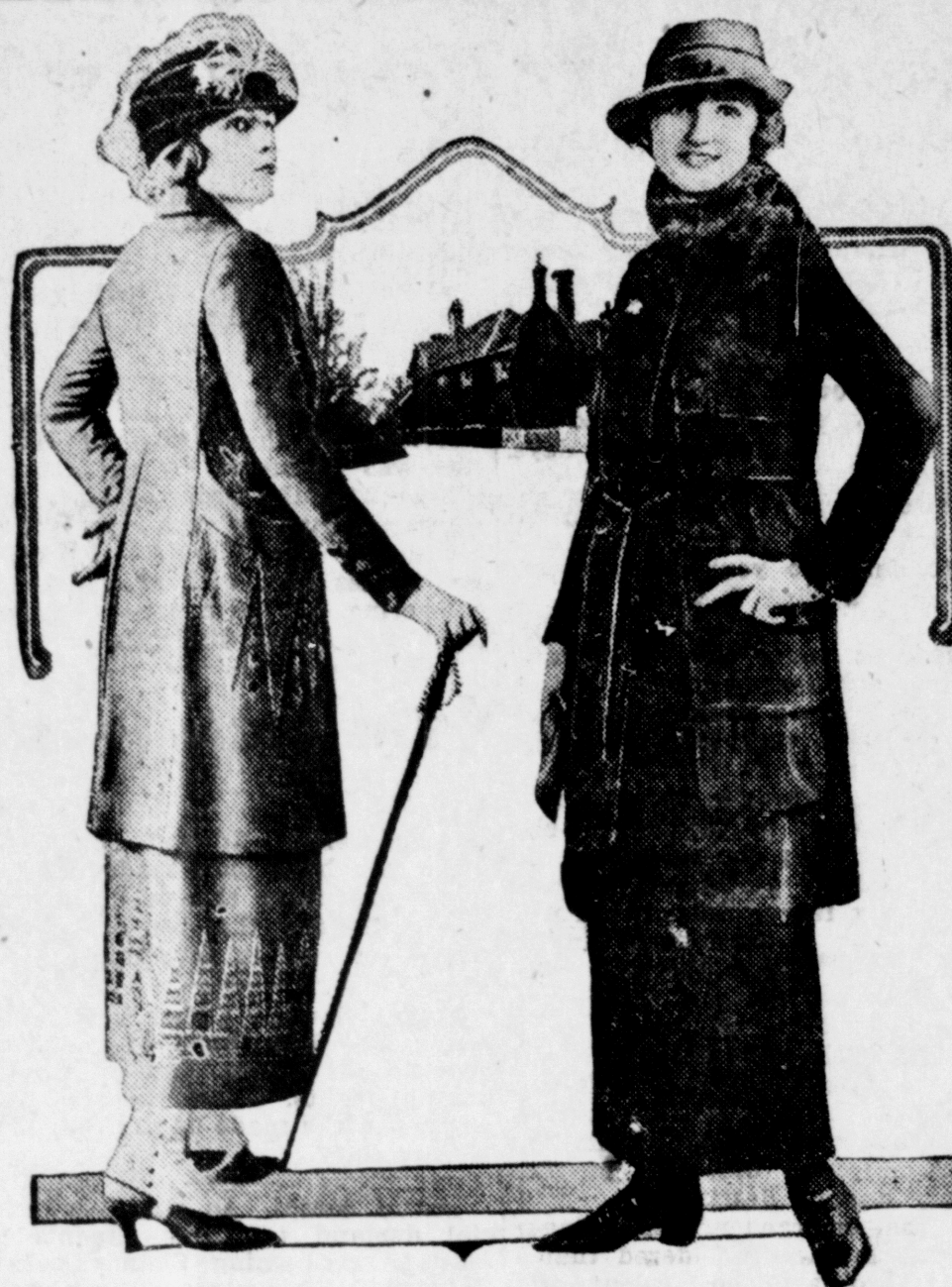
By the Associated Press  
TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 26.—Exclusive of the federal aid funds allotted to Kansas, more than \$9,500,000 has been raised by township and county taxation and state automobile license funds, for good roads purposes this year. Of this total approximately one-tenth, or \$926,697 has been paid in motor vehicle licenses.

W. C. Markham, secretary of the State Highway Commission, has figured out the total highway funds as follows: County road and bridge fund, \$4,411,207; Township road and bridge fund, \$3,165,791; Automobile license fund, \$962,697; One-half township general fund, \$541,477; Estimated amount township poll tax, \$500,000; Total, \$9,581,272.

Secretary Markham estimates that half the general funds of the average township in the state has been or is to be invested in road building equipment. He figures that the various counties and townships could have raised \$163,599.23 more for good roads and an additional \$2,995,141 for bridge building, and still not have exceeded legal levy for these purposes. Twenty counties went the limit in raising good roads funds with a levy of one mill. They were: Anderson, Bourbon, Cherokee, Crawford, Geary, Doniphan, Hamilton, Haskell, Kingman, Labette, Lane, Montgomery, Morton, Osage, Seward, Shawnee, Wallace, Wilson and Wyandotte.

Holdenville Tribune: The trouble with a great many societies is that they have found out that the American people are easy and the graft instinct is so prevalent that they can't resist it.

## Smart Versions of the Suit



One does not have to assert the popularity of the tailored suit when writing of fashions. In America it goes without saying, for the suit is always the backbone of the American woman's outfit, for every season of the year. It fits in with her manner of life. If our devotion to the tailored suit needed any sustaining it would not lack it; for Paris has pronounced its approval of our favorite and set about to show what France can do in the production of smart models. We are glad to study these examples of the genius of the French and confident that, in this particular field, American models will never suffer by comparison. They are more likely to excel over their competitors. But we cannot have all the good ideas and we will profit by the exhaustless ingenuity of the French.

Two handsome and practical "made in America" suits for the coming winter season invite the consideration of those who give the study of styles in the tailored suit more than anything else needs to be carefully selected. There are a few new phases of the mode to consider. They include the prominence given very high choker collars, wider skirts and longer coats, semi-fitted, and a few rather snugly fitted coats with ripple skirts, shorter than those of the semi-fitted models. A fine model for practical use is shown with a coat that is an extreme of the mode in length. It has a straight front and paneled back and between them, at each side, tucked under arm pieces are get in. The tucks are graduated in width, with the widest one eight inches above the hem. Two bone buttons at the front of the coat and one on each sleeve, indicate that buttons must play a minor role as a decorative feature for this season. The skirt is plain. Tricotine is the favorite material for suits of this character.

## AMERICAN LEADS IN WORLD SERIES

By the Associated Press  
CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Records of baseball world's series of past years show that although the American league entries have been victorious in nine of the fourteen series, the games have been so closely contested that the National League are only three behind their younger opponents in the number of runs scored and six in games won.

So-called world series were played as far back as 1884, but it was not until 1905 that the National Commission took charge of the series and promulgated rules governing it. Since that year the winning clubs in each of the major leagues have met in October in a seven game series to decide the championship, although this year the series will be lengthened to nine games.

During the past fourteen years, 78 games have been played—an average of five and a half per series—including two ties. In winning their nine series the American league teams have triumphed in 41 games while the senior league entries have been on the long end of the score in 35 games in winning their five series. In runs scored the Americans lead with 253 against their opponents 250.

The shortest series of the twelve was that of 1914 when the Boston Nationals defeated the Philadelphia Americans in four straight games. The Chicago Nationals of 1907 also won four straight from the Detroit Americans but this run was preceded by a tie game with the score standing 3 to 3 when darkness halted the play. The longest series was that of 1912 in which eight games were played with the Boston Americans winning four and the New York Nationals three, with one tie game thrown in for good measure.

Notice of Application for Pardon.  
State of Oklahoma,  
Pontotoc County,  
State of Oklahoma vs. Jim Rogers.

Notice is hereby given, that the above named Jim Rogers, will on the 7th day of October, 1919, file with the governor of the State of Oklahoma, his application for a pardon or parole, in the above styled cause, wherein he was tried and convicted on the 30th day of October, 1915, and sentenced to a term of twenty years in the state penitentiary at McAlester, Okla.  
Dated this 4th day of Sept., 1919.  
JIM ROGERS.  
9-5-4t-Fri.\*

## ELECTION MAY KILL OHIO DROUTH

By the Associated Press  
CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 26.—If the two proposed amendments to the Ohio constitution initiated by the wets are adopted at the November election, every child large enough to toddle to a soft drink or drug store will be in danger of becoming a confirmed drunkard, says V. A. Schreiber, county superintendent for the Anti-Saloon League.

Mr. Schreiber, continuing, says: "Underneath the camouflage of liberality the wets are trying to legalize 3.45 per cent beer. The beer could be sold anywhere at all hours. Laws preventing sales to habituels and sales to minors would not apply. It would open a saloon in every dry hamlet without a license. It is the most daring and dastardly move ever conceived by the liquor people."

## RED CROSS WORKING WITH POLISH ARMY

By the Associated Press  
PARIS, Sept. 27.—As a sequel to the capture of Minsk by the Polish army, the American Red Cross has authorized a field unit into that city from its headquarters in Eastern Poland. The efforts of the Red Cross unit will be mainly concerned with general relief and anti-typhus work. Supplies for the new work are being furnished from the American Red Cross warehouses in Bialystok.

Reports from Minsk say that people are dying fast of hunger and typhus. Medicines, soaps and nourishing foods are the most imperative needs. A soup kitchen will also be set up in Minsk.

## ACQUITTING JURY WAS DISCHARGED

By News' Special Service  
OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 26.—"The petit jury is dismissed for the term. Go to the marshal's office, get your money and go home," said Judge John H. Cotterall yesterday afternoon in the United States district court after the jury had brought in its third verdict of not guilty this week.

The verdict which led the judge finally to dismiss the jurors was in the case of E. T. Slade, of Osage county, charged with having introduced whiskey into territory occupied by Indians.

Other jurors, already summoned and accepted, will take the places of those discharged and court will go on without delay to finish the term. There will be no session this afternoon as a mark of respect for the visit of President Wilson to Oklahoma City.

The discharged members of the jury are W. H. Haney, of Wanette; W. W. Shelley, of Butler; W. J. Hess, of Norman; H. M. Hardwick, of Lexington; J. A. Lynn, of Arcadia; J. A. Grimes of Harrah; Walter Waller, of Carter; Frank Jones, of Clinton; Ralley Wrede, of Hydro; George Mohler, of Butler; Elmer Renner, of Erick; and Joe B. Rowland, of Custer.

The success of our shop is reliable merchandise, fair dealings, set prices (the lowest possible), and courteous treatment. Visit our shop and be happy.—Pelter's Fashion Shop, Ada. 9-26-2t

## WATCH THE BIG 4

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liver  
Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

**GOLD MEDAL  
HAARLEM OIL  
CAPSULES**  
The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Sulphur Democrat: For once in history all Americans are agreed on one thing. They are agreed that the other fellow is responsible for high prices.

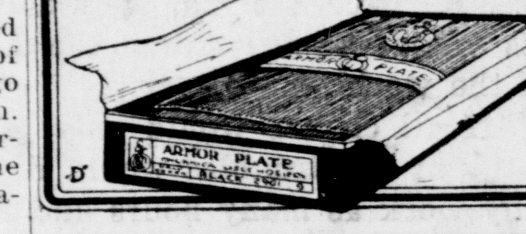


## Well Dressed Women Wear Them

In these days of short skirts a woman must give more attention than ever to her ankles. Sagging, wrinkled hose will spoil the whole effect of an otherwise perfect costume. To be sure of neatly fitting hose, we recommend

**ARMOR PLATE  
Hosiery**  
Knit to shape and size exactly—not stretched or shrunk into shape after knitting. Fast in color—dyed with "Harms-not Dye"—guaranteed not to rot, burn or weaken the yarn. In cotton, wool or silk—"perfect in weave, wear and wash." Why not take home several pair today?

**MOSER'S  
DEPT. STORE**



## A. M. BONES Truck and Transfer Line

will handle your freight to and from Ada, making any point accessible by truck. Charges are reasonable and the service is all you could ask. We use Maxwell Trucks and can make your haul in minimum time.  
PHONE 406

## NOTICE: Contractors and Builders

I am prepared to do your Tin and Sheet Metal work promptly, at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

**J. H. DURHAM**  
Second Door East of Postoffice. Phone 406

## CONDENSED STATEMENT OF THE OKLAHOMA STATE BANK

ADA, OKLAHOMA  
At Close of Business September 12, 1919

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$735,573.33
Bonds and Warrants	285.72
Bank Building and Fixtures	18,000.00
Other Real Estate	17.71
Securities with Banking Board	6,500.00
Bills of Exchange (Cotton)	6,840.68
Liberty Bonds	41,250.00
Cash and Sight Exchange	181,516.18
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$989,983.62</b>
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	29,742.64
Customers Bonds	1,950.00
Notes Rediscounted	78,196.87
Bills Payable	25,000.00
Deposits	805,094.11
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$989,983.62</b>

The above statement is correct.  
C. H. RIVES, President  
H. P. Reich, Active Vice-Pres. L. A. Ellison, Cashier.  
F. J. Stafford, Active Vice-Pres. H. J. Huddleston, Asst. Cashier.

**FIGHTING MASTS ARE BUILT FOR STRENGTH LIKE THE PHILADELPHIA DIAMOND GRID BATTERY**

See how all the struts in the fighting top are woven together into a perfect network of strength. In the form of Diamond Grid every where, which braces it in every direction.

The plates of the Philadelphia Diamond Grid Battery, like the fighting mast, are built on the diamond construction principle.

That is why Philadelphia Diamond Grid Batteries do not buckle, short circuit, or shed their active material. That is why they guarantee freedom from plate trouble.

**GUARANTEED FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS**  
Have your car equipped with a Philadelphia Diamond Grid Battery and you can forget you have a battery. Look up the Service Station or dealer that handles it.

**OIL STATE BATTERY CO., Oklahoma City**  
High-class Dealers will find the Philadelphia Diamond Grid Battery a distinct asset in building satisfied trade. Write us for particulars.



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Ada, Oklahoma

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Telephones: Business Office, 4. Editorial Dept., 307

## TAKE A LESSON FROM THE FARMER

A most significant thing was said by John Fields in the latest number of The Oklahoma Farmer concerning production and the cost of living. He said that fifty million men have been destroying products for five years, that as a consequence there is today an enormous shortage of products, and that before normal conditions can return this shortage must be made up. He said farther that of all the people in the country, the farmer alone is doing all he can to make up the shortage complained of.

Aside from profiteering and market manipulation there is no doubt that a world shortage exists and that this shortage is a tremendous factor in boosting prices. The immense quantities of goods destroyed must be replaced. The enormous waste incident to the suspension of production must be made up. The idle factories of France and Belgium and upper Italy must be started again. The surplus stocks of most of the world's great business concerns exhausted by five years of waste and non-production must be supplied. Until this world-wide shortage is made up there can be no return of normal conditions.

And there is no denying that of all the classes in our country the farmers alone are straining every energy to supply the shortage. Every crop known to our agriculture promises its largest yield this year. The farmer has not been idle. While other classes have been meeting and speaking and adopting resolutions and petitioning for relief and attending business congresses and commercial congresses the farmer has been driving his teams afield and coaxing larger harvests from the soil. While all the rest of us stopped to breathe once the war had ended the farmer never relaxed his vigilance, but strove the harder to supply the demands of the world.

If all classes would only take a lesson from the farmer, many of our troubles would disappear. If every class would only work as many hours and as many days as the farmer—whether merchant, tradesman, salesman, or artisan—the world shortage would soon be supplied and normal conditions would speedily come again.

A few days ago all of us were reading of the parade of the First Division in Washington and the wonderful enthusiasm of the vast crowds that saw the parade. Today we read a letter from a doughboy in that division who stated that the soldiers missed their breakfast getting into Washington, that no dinner was provided by the people of Washington, and that the boys missed their supper on their way back to camp. They never got a bite to eat thru the entire day of the big celebration. The doughboy closed his letter by wishing that he was back in Europe—that the American people care nothing for a soldier.

Press dispatches state that many thousands of bushels of wheat are rotting in the Panhandle because of inadequate road facilities. Even at that the wheat is not half so rotten as the Panhandle roads. And the roads of Oklahoma are just as bad. The costliest luxury we enjoy today is a system of roads that will not permit the quick marketing of farm products. In addition to the millions of dollars we annually bury in the dust or mud of our miserable roads we have the tremendous loss of wasted farm products and the uncertain prices of uncertain markets.

That was a bright thing the powers did at Oklahoma City, announcing that a thousand army cots would be provided for those who came to hear the president speak. No wonder he failed to appear. Where is the speaker who would want to visit a city where cots were ready to receive those who listened to his address? And if the effect of one of the presidential utterances is so disastrous as to require the establishing of a hospital to take care of the casualties, perhaps it is just as well that Woodrow didn't come.

It is reported that the several dozen congressional aspirants in the Sixth district received the news of Judge Bailey's appointment to the supreme bench with unbounded enthusiasm.

Muskogee seems to be having trouble with a jitney law, but the dispatches fail to state which one. So many of our laws are jitney laws.

Red Cross nursing is now to be taught in the public schools. Why not—everything else is.

## Adelina Patti, the World's Greatest Prima Dona, Is Dead at Her Home in Wales

By the Associated Press

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Adelina Patti, the prima dona, died this morning at Craig-Y-Noe Castle, Penycar, South Wales.

Mme. Adelina Patti reigned for 40 years as queen of singers. Her marvelous voice thrilled the greatest contemporaries of her days. The elder Dumas, the French dramatist, once said to her:

"Being a man and a Christian, I love to listen to your singing; but if I were a bird I would die of envy."

"She had tones so beautiful," said one eminent musical critic, "that they seemed to gush spontaneously from the very fountain-spring of vocal youth."

Mme. Patti inherited her talent. "I am a child of the stage," she had said, "being born during an operatic season at Madrid, Spain, in 1843. My father Salvatore Patti, a Sicilian, was a good tenor singer. My mother, a Roman, became a famous artist as Signora Barili—the name of her first husband."

Dwindling finances sent the Patti family to New York when Adelina, whose birth name was Adela Juana Maria Patti, was a baby. When she was seven years old, her parents suddenly became destitute.

"In the emergency," the singer said, "my mother considered that I had extraordinary vocal talent, and hit upon the idea of bringing me out in concert. And so I sang and soon won bread for the family."

The child made her debut at Tripler Hall, in New York, singing arias from the "Barber," in 1850. She was the juvenile prodigy of the day, and nearly ruined her voice by overwork. She appeared again at the age of 13. After a tour through the West Indies, she withdrew to prepare for a greater career.

At the age of 16 she appeared in the Academy of Music, New York, in her first opera role, "Lucia di Lammermoor." Her wonderful soprano roused the audience to the wildest enthusiasm, and her fame swept the country. At this time she was earning \$100 a week.

She repeated her conquest as Amina in "La Sonnambula" in Covent Garden, London, in 1861. Her salary had increased to \$750 a month.

It was the beginning of a dazzling conquest of all Europe. Royalty entertained her and courted her favors. The populace besieged her hotels and theatres. Men in all stations of life wooed her, but she brushed them aside with a laugh and thrill. She finally capitulated at the age of 25 to Henri, Marquis de Caux, equerry to Napoleon III. They separated after a few years; Mme. Patti finally securing a divorce in 1885 to marry Signor Ernesto Nicolini, an Italian tenor singer.

Her first American tour began in 1881—her last in 1908. She was greeted by a magnificent ovation when she made her first appearance in opera in the New York Academy of Music, the scene of her girlish triumph of 20 years before. She was at the height of her career, and became the musical sensation of the winter. The following year she sang at the newly opened Metropolitan opera house. Her guaranteed salary was \$5,000 a night—and it was paid, for Mme. Patti invariably refused to appear until the money was in her possession.

Mme. Patti held the record as a box-office star in operatic circles. When she appeared at a matinee concert in Mechanic's Hall in Boston in 1888, she faced an audience which had paid \$18,900 to hear her. During a single tour through South America she received in salary and bonuses more than \$300,000. It has been estimated that she earned more than \$5,000,000 during her singing career.

She made her final professional appearance at the age of 65 in London. Her last days were passed in Wales at her beautiful castle, "Craig-Y-Noe," with her third husband, Bar-

on of Cederston, whom she married in 1899, a year after the death of Nicolini.

Mme. Patti is reputed to have left an estate valued at more than \$3,000,000.

She was the first operatic singer in the world to be made a chevalier of the Legion of Honor. She was decorated by the Czar of Russia with the Order of Merit, and was appointed by him as "First Singer of the Court." European potentates vied with each other in showering her with jewels, decorations and social distinctions.

## The State Press

Ardmoreite: If you boast that after you have once made up your mind you never change it, you advertise the fact that you have apartments for rent in your upper story.

Miami News: Lodge says America is the best hope of mankind, provided it keeps out of foreign entanglements. Not keeping out but getting in made us the best hope of humanity.

Miami News: In effect, an official demand to know Japan's intentions concerning Shantung is a statement that we consider the first promise a lie and would like to have another to back it up.

Oklahoma City Times: Secretary Glass says there are just as compelling reasons now for the purchase of thrift stamps as there were during the war, but the record of stamp sales would indicate that the public didn't hear him.

Okluskee County News: The school text book system in this state is now coming in for its goodly portion of censure again. Personally, we do not approve of any system that keeps the parents continually buying school books, and rendering the ones used at the last term of very little or no value.

Every few years we see congregated in our leading hotels at our capital city a crowd of finely dressed, affable fellows, from all over the country. They will tell you that they are there "for the adoption." They are just about the best spenders in the world. Their pockets bulge with Havanas. They seem to be men of great leisure and great social charm. They entertain a great deal. And the parents of the school children in Oklahoma pay the bill.

Oklahoma City Times: The announcement of Roy E. Stafford as a candidate for the democratic nomination for congress from the fifth district for the remainder of the term of the late Representative J. B. Thompson brings into the race at its beginning a man of wide acquaintance in the district and long activity in public and political affairs will carry great weight in the contest. As a newspaper editor here for many years, Mr. Stafford was in constant touch with the affairs of the state. His experience has been one to give him a thorough understanding of the needs of this district, and his political activities have been of a sort to strengthen him with the party. It is difficult to forecast the outcome of a campaign with so many prospective entrants, but Mr. Stafford's qualifications make him a formidable candidate from the start.

Missionary R. E. L. Ford and wife went to Stenewall this morning, where Rev. Ford will speak at the morning and evening hour tomorrow in the interest of the \$75,000,000 campaign which is now going on. This campaign is being carried on by the Southern Baptist people, and embraces the territory of eighteen states, and will last over a period of five years. Rev. Ford will also speak at Steedman on Monday night and at Allen Tuesday night.

It will pay you to watch the Want Ad columns of the News.

## Do You Know Meter and Liter? Better Brush Up

IF YOU do not understand the metric system of measurement, look it up and learn it. For there are strong indications that the meter and the liter will soon displace the yard and the quart in all your dealings. A movement backed by scientific and business organizations in all parts of the country has been started to accomplish this change. And the meter propagandists have made a strong case. The chief reasons why we should abandon our system for the metric system are that the latter is much simpler and easier to learn, that it is more accurate, and, above all, that it is now the compulsory system in every civilized country in the world except the United States and Great Britain. That is the big fact. In all of our dealings with foreign peoples and governments we are handicapped because we do not use the same system of measurements. American scientists were compelled long since to adopt the metric system, with the result that many of their publications are incomprehensible. Now the war has convinced thousands of persons of the necessity for using the universal language of measurement in this country, with the result that the meter has many new and influential backers.

"This country has lagged behind the rest of the world by neglecting to adopt a system of quantity expression so simple that the average child of ten can learn its essential features in ten minutes," is the way H. D. Hubbard, one of the experts on weights and measures at the bureau of standards, puts it. He also says that our failure to cast aside a clumsy medieval system for one that is modern and practical has greatly handicapped us in business abroad and at home. Officials of the United States bureau of standards feel certain that this country will ultimately use the metric system.



## JURY SAYS "NOT GUILTY" IN CASE OF JOE CRISCO

The jury in the case of Joe M. Crisco, charged with the killing of John Briscoe at Seminole last March, returned a verdict of not guilty into district court early Friday morning.

Thus ended one of the hardest fought murder trials ever tried in the county and one which attracted unusual attention because of the prominence of the two men and the peculiar circumstances which prompted the killing.

Briscoe was one of the leading bankers and business men of the county, and promptly identified himself with every movement that had for its object the advancement of the community and country in which he lived. Because of his liberality with the farmers in his territory, he was particularly well liked by them. During the strenuous days of war activity he took a leading part in every movement for the care of our soldiers and the advancement of the allied cause.

Crisco was a school teacher by profession, and for many years had taught in the community north east of Seminole. He was a man in whom his patrons and pupils placed implicit confidence, well educated, and a man of high ideals, culture and refinement.

According to the evidence at the trial, John Briscoe was killed at the gate to the west entrance to his home yard on the evening of March 29, 1919, shortly after dark. Bad feeling had existed between the two men for some months previous because of alleged misconduct between Briscoe and Mrs. Crisco.

Suspicion on the part of Crisco that undue intimacy between his wife and Briscoe dated back to the time shortly after the former moved his family to the town of Seminole. It so chanced that the two families became next door neighbors, and as such an intimate neighborly feeling was created. They frequently visited each other and exchanged courtesies. It was during this period of intermingling that the defendant became suspicious of his wife and Briscoe. Without even approaching Mrs. Crisco about it, however, Crisco waited his opportunity when he might be convinced beyond doubt that his suspicion was well founded.

Having satisfied himself that something was wrong, Crisco approached his wife about it, who denied that any undue relationship existed. An estrangement resulted and divorce proceedings were instituted by Crisco against his wife and a permanent separation adjudged by the court.

Relations between the two men became so strained that the defendant threatened suit against the

deceased for damages, but, it is said, this matter was settled by the payment of a sum of money.

According to those who heard the statement of Crisco shortly after the killing he admitted the killing of Briscoe, and for his reason stated that Briscoe had broken up his home and ruined his family. That it was probably about three weeks before the final homicide that he had determined to kill Briscoe, had gone to McAlester, purchased a double barreled shot gun, some shells and a flash light. These he carried to his barn in the town of Seminole where he secreted them in a place previously prepared, and came back to Wewoka, returning the next day. Crisco waited a favorable opportunity to kill Briscoe from this time until March 29th. Such an opportunity had not presented itself because he would not shoot when there was danger of injuring other members of the family.

The evidence shows that on the night of the killing, Crisco had procured an old pair of house slippers, a sock cap and an old rain coat which he put on to hide his identity; that thus garbed he took his gun and went west of town a short distance, where, from the road in the section line, he fired one shot at a tree in a field on the south side of the road; that in order that he might see his target he used a flash light; that from the load of blood shot, one took effect in the tree; that retracing his steps he returned to the barn and from there to the school house campus, which is located just across the street and west of the Briscoe home, where he secreted himself and waited the coming of Briscoe, who was down town in his car; that while thus waiting some party came along and to prevent being seen sought shelter in the shade of the building; that after the party had passed he again took his stand and waited; shortly the car in which Briscoe was riding together with his little son, came in sight, turned the corner into the side street and stopped at the west gate; that at this time he started toward the car, Briscoe climbed out and went around to the back end of the car and was doing something, he could not tell what; when about in the middle of the street he leveled his gun on Briscoe and fired both barrels; that the little boy ran to the house and he stepped up to where the body lay and seeing it in a dying condition turned away; that a car was approaching and lest he be observed he ran back to his barn, where he changed clothes and went to his room at the home of Dr. W. E. Grisso, undressed and went to bed; that the house slippers, cap and coat were found in the stove in his room.

The state relied upon confessions

alleged to have been made by Crisco at Shawnee to officers where he was taken by Deputy Sheriff Polk immediately after the killing.

Returning to Seminole the officers went over the ground, found the gun under the manger in Crisco's barn with one empty shell and one loaded one. The hammer of the right hand barrel was cocked but had not been fired as Crisco thought. In fact the officers found the facts as related to the immediate time of the homicide to be in the main correct. The tracks west of town, the tree at which he fired, the gun, cap, manger in the barn were as represented by Crisco.

Testimony was introduced to show that Crisco had brooded over his family trouble until he was suffering from emotional insanity and it is most likely that this feature of the evidence, together with the "unwritten law" prompted the jury in returning a verdict of not guilty.

The state was ably represented by County Attorney Cobb, his assistant, Mr. Hall and by special counsel, W. J. Crump of Muskogee, and W. A. Bishop of Seminole. The defense was equally well taken care of by Pryor and Stokes, Mr. Pryor making the only argument presented by the defense. The following gentlemen constituted the jury: B. M. Kellert, C. D. Keith, M. D. Wallace, Malcolm Kiker, T. F. England, Joe Spears, J. A. Taylor, R. J. Simmons, Henry Hays, C. F. Simmons, J. O. Tilley and G. W. Larson.

## Today's Markets

### CHICAGO GRAIN

	Open	High	Low	Close
Sept. ---	1.43½	1.44	1.42	1.43
Dec. ---	1.22½	1.26	1.22½	1.25½
May ---	1.21	1.23½	1.21	1.23½

### Oats

	Open	High	Low	Close
Sept. ---	.67	.68½	.67	.68½
Dec. ---	.69½	.71	.69	.70½
May ---	.71½	.73½	.71½	.73½

### COTTON FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close
Oct. ---	32.80	32.98	31.60	32.60
Dec. ---	32.50	32.86	31.49	32.52
Jan. ---	32.50	32.88	31.50	32.53

### New Orleans

	Open	High	Low	Close
Oct. ---	32.45	32.56	32.12	32.12
Dec. ---	32.50	32.86	31.38	32.38
Jan. ---	32.72	32.95	31.40	32.48

### COTTON SPOTS

	Mids. Yest'd'y Sales
New Orleans ---	32.50 32.13 3.110
New York ---	32.60 32.85 ---
Dallas ---	33.95 34.20 14.771

Our "fone" is 99. When any market quotations are wanted we will be pleased to have you call.

We are very sorry the reel

showing

"That Well Dressed Look"

Failed to Arrive

We trust everyone who attended the theater last night enjoyed the regular show.

The styles that were to be shown in motion pictures can be seen in our Ready-to-Wear section.

The Surprise Store

Established 1903

115-117 West Main St.

Phone 117



## City Briefs

Get it at Gwin & Mays.

Have your Photo made at West's  
Let a Want Ad sell it for you

The Ada Cleaning and Dye Works,  
Phone 437. 9-3-11

Fashionable fashions at Pelter's  
Fashion Shop, Ada. 9-26-21

Prettiest line of ladies' hats in  
Ada, at prices too suit your fancy.—  
Pelter's Fashion Shop. 9-26-21

Miss Ruth WeWhirt of Roff has  
accepted a position in the ladies' de-  
partment of the Surprise Store.

Pretty coats, pretty capes, stun-  
ning dresses are here for your in-  
spection.—Pelter's Fashion Shop,  
Ada. 9-26-21

Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Sowall went  
to Purcell yesterday afternoon to at-  
tend the funeral of Mrs. Sowall's  
father, T. H. Glenn.

Mrs. Miller and children returned  
yesterday afternoon to their home at  
Ennis, Texas, after a visit to Mrs.  
Miller's mother, Mrs. Eli Bertress,  
720 East 12th street.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Forney and  
little son were among those who re-  
turned from Oklahoma City last  
night where they went for the Wil-  
son celebration, which did not hap-  
pen. Mr. Forney is ticket agent at  
the Katy station.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Lane of Key  
West, Fla., were the guests over  
yesterday of Mr. and Mrs. Homer  
Phelps. Mr. Lane has just recently  
been discharged from the United  
States navy after a period of six  
years' service.

In spite of the fact that President  
Wilson did not make his appearance  
in Oklahoma City yesterday as sched-  
uled, Miss Ida Enloe took her de-  
parture for that point yesterday  
evening on the northbound Katy.  
Miss Enloe will remain until Sun-  
day, visiting with friends and taking  
in the sights of the fair.

B. Scheinberg of the Model was  
almost carried off his feet when  
he received a message that a new  
baby girl had appeared in the home  
of Mr. and Mrs. I. Saul at Colum-  
bus, Georgia. Mrs. Saul is a daugh-  
ter of Mr. Scheinberg. Upon receipt  
of the message Mr. Scheinberg wired  
back to Columbus the laconic, yet  
appropriate message: "Hurrah for  
the suffragettes." This little lady  
who has just arrived in Georgia, is  
Mr. Scheinberg's second grandchild.

## WHEN THE REDS WON THE TOSS



The flip of the coin to see where the first of the world series games are to be played. Left to right, seated: John Bruce, John A. Heydler, Ban Johnson, Garry Herrmann, Louis Comiskey, standing, behind Herrmann.

This photo shows the triumvirate  
at the head of baseball. John  
Heydler, president of the national  
league; Ban Johnson, president of  
the American league, and Garry  
Herrmann, owner of the Cincinnati

Reds, form the national commission.  
Garry is president of the commis-  
sion. John Bruce, as secretary of  
the national commission handles the  
detail work of that body. The pic-  
ture was taken when the commis-

sion met to allow the Reds and  
White Sox to decide where the first  
game of the world series will be  
played. A coin was flipped and  
Herrmann won the toss. The coin  
can be seen in front of Bruce.

Mr. Grilley went to Lehigh this  
morning to attend to business.

Mr. Walter Ramph of West 13th  
street is suffering this week from a  
very sore foot which has become in-  
fected.

Mrs. Jessie Davis and little son,  
Athol, are visiting Mrs. Davis' moth-  
er, Mrs. Kuykendall and family at  
Lula over the weekend.

Miss Blanch Chilcutt returned last  
night from Oklahoma City where she  
went to greet the president and to  
take in the state fair.

Little Elizabeth Van Eaton of  
Stonewall, who has been the guest  
of her aunt, Mrs. Brown, returned  
to her home this morning.

Mrs. Littlefield, 120 East 15th,  
has as her guests her daughter,  
Mrs. Houston Whittle and her hus-  
band of Fillmore, Oklahoma. Mrs.  
Whittle is better remembered here as  
Miss Lucille Littlefield.

R. L. Sanders, who has spent the  
past two weeks in the Burk Burnett  
oil fields of Texas, has returned  
home, which is the best town on the  
map, so says Mr. Sanders.

The Pontotoc county exhibit took  
sixth place out of about thirty oth-  
er agricultural contestants. Blaine  
county took first place thereby hold-  
ing the record for first prize the  
last three years.

Mrs. S. M. White while performing  
one of the culinary duties this week,  
turned a skillet of hot grease from  
off the stove and in trying to pre-  
vent its falling on the floor, caught  
it with one hand which has resulted  
in a very serious burn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hardin have  
returned from a three weeks' stay  
in Amarillo, Texas, where they went  
for the benefit of Mrs. Hardin's  
health. They say the climate was  
ideal during their sojourn there and  
Mrs. Hardin is greatly improved.

Will Rollow attended the state  
fair yesterday.

J. I. Phillips left this morning on  
a business trip to Shawnee.

Ira Row made a business trip  
to Chandler, Okla., yesterday.

Mrs. Ed Heff of Ardmore returned  
to her home yesterday after a visit  
to her mother, Mrs. A. H. Constant.

J. M. Coleman of the Ada Motor  
Company returned yesterday from a  
business trip to Kansas City.

Mrs. Forde Harrison went to  
Wewoka this morning for a visit  
with her friend, Mrs. Barham.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Hounshell have  
moved this week to Oklahoma City  
where they will take up permanent  
abode. Mr. Hounshell was connect-  
ed with the Sterling Motor Com-  
pany of this city, before selling out  
the management of the company to  
Slade Norman.

## The High Cost of Living Can Be Reduced

TO SOME EXTENT BY CAREFUL SELECTION AND HOME  
TAILORING OF LADIES' SUITS AND DRESSES



STOP AND FIGURE A LITTLE  
Guaranteed All-Wool Storm Serges in All the Leading  
Shades at, the Yard, \$1.25

5 Yards Average Dress Pattern	\$ 6.25
8 Yards Military Braid, 15c	1.20
3 Dozen Buttons	1.00
2 Spools Silk Thread	.20
1 Dress Pattern	.20
Making	5.00

Total Cost ----- \$13.85

This dress will retail ready made at not less than \$20.00.  
The above gives you an idea of what can be done  
to reduce the H. C. L.

In Addition to the Above Grade of Serge We Have  
Other Qualities Ranging Up to  
\$3.00 Per Yard

Also Gaberdines, Tricotine, Broadcloth, Middie Flannels  
and Novelty Suitings in a wide range of patterns  
and prices. Let our dress goods salespeople  
figure your bill.

## ELEGANT SHOES FOR FALL

A complete showing of Footwear for every member of the family; the  
most desired leathers are to be found here in black, browns, grays—and  
your feet will be given the proper attention by our expert shoe salesmen.  
Shoes for comfort, style and school shoes.

### GOOD STANDARD MAKES—

Queen Quality, Krippendorf, Dittman, Utz and Dunn, Sweet Sally Lunn,  
Nettletons and Torrey. Other makes.

Men's Shoes  
\$2.75 to \$17

Women's Shoes  
\$2.50 to \$14

Children's  
\$2.25 to \$6

**Shaw's**  
DEPARTMENT STORE

S.M. SHAW, PROP.

PHONE 77 Established in 1902 ADA, OKLA.



## The Borrower Gives Security --- Why Not The Bank?

Did you ever go to a bank and borrow money without putting up some kind  
of security? You certainly never did. It may have been only your personal note—  
your good name, if you please; but after all, your good name is your best property  
—the best security you possess. You may be a depositor at the bank, but you  
have to sign on the dotted line when you get a loan. That's nothing but fair—  
that's only business.

But did you ever stop to consider whose money it is you are borrowing? Is it  
the bank's money? Certainly not. Then it can come from only one other source—  
the people. It's the people's money you have borrowed. And what have the peo-  
ple to SECURE THEIR DEPOSITS? They secured the bank for a loan. But what  
about the coin they left with the bank—is it secured?

We can answer for this bank: Deposits are safe here be-  
cause the state has made them safe. The Depositors' Guaranty  
Law of Oklahoma is behind every cent committed to our care.

Yes, this bank offers YOU security for the money you loan us. It's no one-  
sided affair when you deal here.

And we repeat our last week's statement: Jump in, the water's fine.

## Guaranty State Bank of Ada

"The bank where prosperity is ketchin'"

## A GOOD BANK BALANCE



### Is Your Declaration of Independence

Ready cash makes you ready for opportunity. To be financially  
prepared is to have practical insurance on success. Every man's  
money should be making use of its opportunity; which is the  
task of multiplying itself.

### Our Bank Offers You a Service of Safety

Our bank not only keeps your money safe, but it just as surely  
can help you handle your money safely. For instance, a check-  
ing account here is more than a simple convenience. It is a  
guarantee of security to you in the transmission of funds. It  
enables you to keep your money instantly accessible without  
danger of loss.

To Save Your Money and Make Your Money Safe  
Bank With the

## Merchants & Planters National Bank of Ada

M. R. CHILCUTT, President; LESLIE PRINCE, Cashier  
H. W. WELLS, Vice-President; P. S. CASE, Vice-President



# "WE'RE BOUND TO WIN," SAYS SMILE ON STRIKE LEADER'S FACE



John H. Fitzpatrick, with strikers grouped around him, discussing situation.

This is the most recent picture of John H. Fitzpatrick, chairman of the national committee of the steel workers and the man who is

directing the nation-wide strike. It shows him discussing the progress of the strike with steel workers at Gary, Ind. Judging by the

smile on his face he is confident of the outcome of the battle for recognition of and better conditions for the workers.

## GARNER ELECTED PRESIDENT CLERKS

Pontotoc county was honored at the state convention of county clerks Thursday when Milton A. Garner, the efficient and popular clerk of this county, was elected president of the association for the next year. The old guard that has run the association for several years and has hand-picked the officers, had arranged for another man to be elected at this year's meeting, but some of the boys turned insurgent and had the state shattered and Garner elected before Louis Hun Von Klein of Tulsa knew that a red light had been hung out.

Mrs. C. K. Maddox of Sapulpa, county clerk of Creek county, was elected secretary of the association. The warmest fight of the convention came up over a resolution indorsing the league of nations, some of the republican clerks from northwest Oklahoma registering vigorous protests against its adoption, but the democrats being largely in the majority put the O. K. over easily. The convention listened with interest to addresses by Homer C. Hammond, deputy state examiner and inspector, and Hon. Scott Ferris congressman from the sixth district.

## Housewife Helped By New Devices In Electricity

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—New ways in which electricity can help the housewife, latest improvements on the old device will be shown at the Electrical Trades Exposition at the Coliseum, Oct. 11-25. Household labor saving machinery operated by electricity is coming rapidly into common use, according to the exposition management, and electricity is doing much to solve the great servant problem. The displays will include cooking apparatus of all kinds, electric stoves, electric heating equipment, vacuum cleaners, refrigerating machinery, motors for sewing machines, electrically operated machines for washing and ironing, and electric fans for cooling and ventilating.

Other exhibits will illustrate the development of things electrical during and partly as a result of the war. There will be high powered search lights, wireless telephones, and wireless and self-printing telegraph apparatus. An electrical furnace such as is used for making the high grade steel required for long range cannon will be on display and incandescent lights will be manufactured before the eyes of visitors.

The elaborate decorative scheme for the exposition calls for an expenditure of between \$40,000 and \$50,000, according to E. W. Lloyd, manager. A Chinese design will be employed throughout, a pagoda rising 60 feet in the center of the hall and decorated with stained glass and 18,000 "Novagem" jewels and Chinese lanterns, all brilliantly illuminated, being planned. The decorations of the tower will be similar to those of the "Tower of Jewels" at the Pan-American Exposition at San Francisco.

**Estay Notice**  
I have taken up a Duroc-Jersey pig at 222 East 17th.—W. H. Rayburn, telephone 897. 9-25-31

## GERMANY FIRMLY TOLD TO GET OFF

GERMANS MUST GET OUT OF LITHUANIA AND BALTIC PROVINCES, SO SAY ALLIED POWERS IN PARIS.

By the Associated Press  
PARIS, Sept. 27.—The supreme council of the peace conference decided today to send to the German government through Marshall Foch a note demanding the evacuation of Lithuania by German troops under drastic penalties for non-compliance.

**From Baltic Too.**  
PARIS, Sept. 27.—If all German troops are not recalled from Baltic provinces within a very short time, the Allies will cut off supplies to Germany, re-establish the blockade, and interrupt the repatriation of German prisoners, according to the newspaper Figaro, which says a note to this effect is being prepared by the Allied powers. American experts, the newspaper says, suggested the measures.

## DAUGHTER OF LATE U. S. PRESIDENT IS ADMITTED TO BAR



Miss Elizabeth Harrison.

Miss Elizabeth Harrison, daughter of the late Benjamin Harrison, twenty-third president of the United States, has just been admitted to the practice of law in Indiana. Miss Harrison, who is only twenty-two years old, recently completed her law course in New York university. She will take up additional work in Columbia university before beginning her practice in Indianapolis.

Lee Smith repairs all makes of musical instruments and sewing machines. 200 West Main Street, Ada, Oklahoma. 9-17-1f-d-w  
It will pay you to watch the Want Ad columns of the News.

## Harris Arrivals

E. O. Pinson, Wanette.  
Arthur W. Bamish.  
W. K. Palmer.  
Joe Combs.  
Bedford Gordon, Ft. Smith.  
P. C. Miller, Ardmore.  
Geo. C. Abernathy, Shawnee.  
L. J. eBker, Kansas City.  
Milton W. Grassberg, Cleveland, Ohio.

O. Wood, Oklahoma City.  
B. F. Herrell, Oklahoma City.  
Susan Stone, Oklahoma City.  
S. G. Keck, Chicago.  
Wesley Lester.  
John Hall, Dallas.  
J. A. Cunningham.  
R. N. Byrd, Muskogee.  
M. E. Gilbert, Holdenville.  
Tom D. McKeown.  
Leon Ginsberg, Sasakwa.  
G. W. Taylor.  
C. H. Crook, Durant.  
B. A. Howard, Ada.  
J. D. Gentry.  
A. E. Brown.  
W. H. Brumley.  
H. Fels, Muskogee.  
Z. W. Allen, Fitzhugh.  
John J. Fleet, Ada.  
J. A. Scott, Ardmore.  
J. M. Jenkins, Wichita Falls, Tex.  
H. B. Currie, Fort Worth.

## Publisher's Report of the Condition of the Oklahoma State Bank

Loans and Discounts	\$ 730,897.08
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4,746.25
Stocks, Bonds, Warrants, etc.	109,035.72
Banking House	15,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	3,000.00
Other Real Estate	
Owned	17.71
Due from Banks	150,681.62
Checks and Other Cash	
Items	4,525.63
Bills of Exchange (Cotton)	6,840.68
Cash in Bank	26,238.93
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$1,050,983.62</b>

<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Capital Stock Paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus Fund	15,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes Paid	14,742.64
Due to Banks	33,169.68
Individual Deposits	
Subject to Check	573,797.51
Savings Deposits	11,203.13
Customers Bonds	1,950.00
Time Certificates of Deposit	166,549.95
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	20,403.84
Notes and Bills Rediscounted	78,196.87
Bills Payable	25,000.00
Bonds sold with agreement to repurchase	61,000.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$1,050,983.62</b>

State of Oklahoma, County of Pontotoc, ss.  
I, L. A. Ellison, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief so help me God.  
L. A. ELLISON, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of September, 1919.  
H. J. HUDDLESTON, Notary Public.  
My commission expires October 20, 1920.  
Correct—Attest:  
C. H. RIVES,  
H. P. REICH,  
F. J. STAFFORD,  
Directors.

## HOW KANSAS CITY RECEIVED ITS NAME

By the Associated Press  
KANSAS CITY, Sept. 26.—A few votes less and the name of the city at the mouth of the Kansas river would not have been Kansas City, for when the original land company met one fall night in 1838 in the tavern of William B. Evans, on the levee, to christen the infant metropolis, there was a division, those opposing the future name of the village casting their vote for the name "Port Fonda" but losing by a narrow margin.

The foregoing fact is revealed in the minutes of the town meeting which named the village of 1838. The account of the proceedings is in the possession of Dr. W. L. Campbell of this city, whose father was a freighter across the plains to Kansas in 1844. It was suggested at the meeting that the settlement be called the Town of Kansas, after the Kansas River. Those opposed to Port Fonda united on this and the future city was named Town of Kansas.

When the Town of Kansas was incorporated in 1853, the name was changed to City of Kansas. This continued to be the official name of the town until 1888, when it was shortened to Kansas City.

Contrary to popular belief, Kansas City was not named after the Kansas territory, but after the Kansas river, as all territory west of the Missouri at the time the city was founded was known as the Nebraska territory.

## FIFTY YEARS FOR ROBBING A STORE

By News' Special Service  
TULSA, Sept. 26.—Declaring action must replace leniency shown to persons convicted of conjoint robbery, Judge Redmond S. Cole, in district court yesterday, sentenced Jack Berry and J. C. Marsh, convicted by a jury in that court on two separate offenses of this nature, to serve 50 years in the state penitentiary at hard labor.

The defendants were found guilty of robbing a drug store on West Ninth, July 29, and another jury found the youths guilty of robbing the American drug store at Madison and Hodge on the night of July 27. In the first instance the jury left the sentence with the court, and in the last verdict against the men, fixed the punishment at five years in the penitentiary.

Judge Cole, however, after stating from the bench that robbery can not be lessened by short prison sentences, ordered Berry and Marsh to serve fifty years imprisonment.

Lawton Constitution: One bit of information that members of Representative Frear's committee will obtain in its pergrinations through Oregon and Washington may come handy. They will learn a good deal about tall timber in time for the next election.

## Europe Troubled By Situation In Adriatic Province

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Apparently in emulation of Captain Gabriele d'Annunzio, whose dramatic seizure of Fiume centered the attention of the world on the eastern littoral of the Adriatic, other Italian leaders are reported to be advancing on Spalato, Sebenico and Trau, important towns along the coast which have been under control of Jugo-Slav forces. Peace conference circles are plainly concerned over the situation which seems to have become quite grave.

Belgrade advices declare Italian soldiers have overpowered a small Jugo-Slav force at Toguire and have entered the town.

It is probable that the place mentioned is Trogir, the Croatian section of the city of Trau, about fifteen miles northwest of Spalato.

Further south, there appear also to be disorders, reports from Rome indicating there is a virtual reign of terror at Ragusa, a Dalmatian town close to the frontier of Montenegro. In addition, there are rumors that the Italians plan to restore King Nicholas to the Montenegrin throne, from where he was ousted by action of the national assembly last April. This action of the national assembly has never been recognized by the royal Montenegrin government, which has maintained its headquarters near Paris for several months. King Nicholas is the father of Queen Helena of Italy.

So far as known definitely no answer to proposals made by Italy relative to Fiume has been received from President Wilson although it is intimated in official Italian circles that it has arrived. There is a disposition on the part of the Italians to reject any proposition looking to a compromise, the claim being made that the storm throughout their country can be calmed only by giving Fiume to Italy. There are hints, too, that a governmental crisis may develop as a result of the situation.

General Guiseppe (Peppino) Garibaldi, who arrived here yesterday, declared "serious results would follow if Italians were not placed in a position to settle the Fiume question according to the will of the people." He said the city is not closely blockaded and that the Italian government was sending supplies into the city.

**"Even at Price of Another War."**  
ROME, Sept. 25.—Cabinet ministers do not conceal the enormous gravity of the situation.

The crisis through which Italy is passing is imputed to the great powers by General Guiseppe (Peppino) Garibaldi, in an interview printed in the Petel Parien this morning. He reproaches them for not having given Italy all that was promised in the treaty of London, and declares it to be the intention of the Italian people to keep Fiume, "even at the price of another war."

"It depends on France and England," he says, "whose populations are with Italy in the Fiume affair. Whatever should be President Wilson's answer to Italy's proposals, we will say to him that this dispute is between Europeans and must be settled between Europeans."

"We know the American, French and British peoples are with us in this matter."

## The Church and the Challenge of the Hour

Sermon Sunday Morning at  
**First Christian Church**  
"WHICH CHURCH DID JESUS ESTABLISH?"

Sermon Sunday Evening  
**A Scriptural Answer Given**  
SERMONETTE TO BOYS AND GIRLS

The Public Invited  
**C. V. DUNN, Minister**

## New Rugs Have Arrived at Shelton's

We have received a shipment of Beautiful Rugs. On account of the simple and dignified designs of these Rugs, they can be used with good effect in almost any room. Come and see them.

## Shelton Furniture Company

## \$500,000 To Loan Farmers

ON FARMS AND RANCHES  
Quick Service—Low Rates

**SEE**  
**Arthur L. Bowles and W. E. Mooney**

Over First National Bank, Ada, Oklahoma  
Phone 818

We Buy, Sell or Exchange Earth

## COMMERCIAL PRINTING

Best Equipped Plant in Southeastern Oklahoma;  
Capable Workmen; Good Service.

**ADA EVENING NEWS**  
Phone 4

## For Sale

Buick Six Roadster  
Chalmers Six Touring  
Overland Four Touring  
Chevrolet 490  
Now if you want a bargain—let's go  
**GRANT IRWIN**

## Quick Money

I believe in hustling out after your chance.  
Add some QUICK MONEY to yours.

What can you do?

I have QUICK MONEY to loan on improved farms.

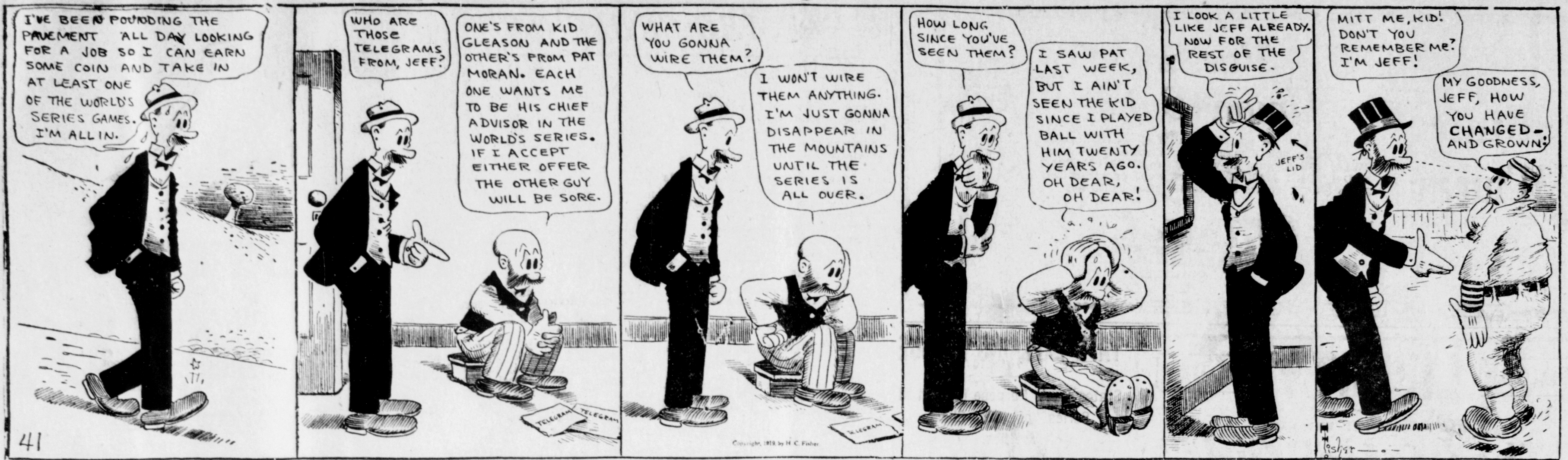
**GILBERT E. REED**  
Ada, Okla.

Upstairs First National Bank



## MUTT AND JEFF—When It Comes to Taking a Chance, Steve Brodie Had Nothing on Mut.

(By H. C. Fisher)



## New's Wants

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Sweet apple cider. Any amount. Call 504. 9-20-1f

FOR SALE—Canned fruit.—Mrs. Martin. Phone 921. 9-25-1f

FOR SALE—5 room house on West 9th Street.—J. F. McKel. 9-11-1f

FOR SALE—3 room house, 3 lots, light, gas, water, on East 9th. Phone 682. 9-20-1f

FOR SALE—Several desirable residence lots, cheap. Call phone 853. 9-27-6f

FOR SALE—First class cafe. 214 West Main.—R. E. Lee, Prop. 9-24-5f

FOR SALE—Violin in good condition. See John Skinner at Ada News. 8-30-1f

FOR SALE—My residence on East 17th.—M. Levin, telephone 214. 9-19-1f

FOR SALE—Good roll top office desk. See Rae C. Hargis at Ada Cleaning and Dye Works. 9-25-3f

FOR SALE—5 room house, strictly modern, on Cherry near 21st St. Apply to Mrs. S. J. Johnson on premises. 9-16-1f

FOR SALE QUICK—Household furniture. Call at 214 West 14th after six o'clock. Phone 154. 9-25-4f

FOR SALE—County blue print maps, oil lease blanks, departmental leases, commercial and departmental guardian leases.—Ada News. 5-27-1f

FOR SALE—Small farm. 4-room house, big barn and out buildings; all kinds of fruit; tank, cement cistern and cellar. Price \$1500.00. Telephone 827. 1f

FOR SALE—6 room modern house, garage, cow barn and orchard, 516 East 14th; located in good neighborhood. Priced reasonable. Terms. Reason for selling. I am moving to farm. Call at premises or at Overland Sales Agency.—N. L. Wesson, 9-25-6f

FOR SALE—Improved and unimproved farms in McCurtain county, Oklahoma. Good land at low price with ample rainfall to make a crop every year. Small cash payment, balance in yearly payments for ten years. For further information address, Southern Land and Townsite Co., Broken Bow, Okla. 9-8-30f

**Notice to Contractors**  
Notice is hereby given that the city of Ada, Oklahoma, acting through its board of commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 3 o'clock P. M., October 1, 1919, for the furnishing of o. b. cars, Ada, Oklahoma, of cast iron pipe, special castings, valves and hydrants, in accordance with the specifications adopted by the city and on file with the city clerk. Each bid shall be accompanied by a certified check in amount of five per cent of the amount bid as a guarantee that the successful bidder will enter into a satisfactory contract. It is understood that bonds for waterworks extensions have been voted and sold but actual cash will not be available for payment of this material until said bonds have been approved by the attorney general of the State of Oklahoma. All bids shall be submitted with this understanding. The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.  
Dated this 25th day of October, 1919.

GARY KITCHENS, Mayor.  
W. B. Jones, City Clerk.  
9-25-5td

**Attention Ladies.**  
I knit sweaters of all designs. Work guaranteed. Price 1.00 per roll. Call Mrs. A. W. Oliver, at 496 or 289. Or see me at my move over Grant Irwin's Garage.  
9-20-1f-Sat-Thurs.

Bring your clean cotton rags to the Ada News office. We will pay you 3c a pound.

## New's Wants

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Bed rooms. 707 East Main. 8-29-1f

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms. 211 West 14. 9-26-2td

FOR RENT—Furnished room. 710 East 12th Street. 9-25-1f

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished bedroom. 215 E. 13th St. 9-18-1f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 423 East 9th. 9-26-3f

FOR RENT—Rooms for light housekeeping. 231 East 14th street. Telephone 716. 9-25-1f

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping room, new modern house. 827 East 8th. Phone 827. 1f

FOR RENT—No. 10 Remington typewriter. New and in good condition. Phone 480. 9-26-3f

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished bedroom adjoining bath; private entrance. For couple of girls or boys. Phone 814 or call at 804 East 8th. 9-26-1f

FOR RENT—Two dandy large front rooms. Suitable for man and wife or two ladies for light housekeeping. Upstairs over Buick agency.—Grant Irwin, Phone 2. 9-26-2f

## WANTED

WANTED—Second hand furniture. Phone 234. 9-12-1f

WANTED—Your cleaning and pressing.—Miller Bros. 8-1-1f

WANTED—Middle-aged woman for housekeeper. Phone 339. 9-25-6f

WANTED—Second-hand stoves and furniture, at Ada Repair Shop. 218 West 12th. 7-16-1f

WANTED TO RENT—5 or 6 room house, modern, close in, at a reasonable rent.—Jake Hersh, 121 East Main St. 9-24-1f

## MISCELLANEOUS

OLD Mattresses—Made new. Phone 170, 401 E. 10.—E. A. Smith. 8-7-1f

STRAYED—Jersey cow, branded SB on right hip. Reward. Phone 2. 9-26-3f

WANT TO BUY—five or six room modern cottage, east or south side preferred. Phone 303. 9-23-1f

## LOST

LOST—One Mohawk auto casing on demountable rim, size 33x4. Return to News office and receive reward. 9-23-6f

## FOUND

FOUND—Woman's purse on Hope and Main. Owner can get same by calling at News office and paying for this ad. 9-27-2f

## Nine Hundred Dollars Paid for Load of Cotton

Memories of the old five cent cotton days were suggested yesterday when J. E. Sloan of Center sold a load of cotton on the streets of Ada for \$904.38. Men who saw the market advance 13 points yesterday paid little attention to stories of five cents for cotton, but many farmers were in town who could recall the time when nine hundred dollars would buy two entire crops of cotton. Yet Mr. Sloan brought in on one wagon a load of cotton that brought him exactly \$904.38. Some of us who quit growing cotton along in the nineties can hardly understand the sensation of receiving nearly a thousand dollars for one load of cotton.

## MOTOR TRUCKS WILL LOWER LIVING COST

By News' Special Service

OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 26.—"The man who votes for good roads at every opportunity votes to lower the cost of living," is the statement of O. H. Rogers, local Firestone representative. Mr. Rogers is also in charge of the ship-by-truck bureau in this district.

"Motor truck transportation," he said yesterday, "is demonstrating its value every day, especially for the outlying regions where 'old Dobbin' is used to hold sway. Careful investigation shows that the cost of wagon haulage averages 33 cents a ton per mile, and motor haulage 15 cents. In 1918, for the United States, as a whole, the cost of wagon hauls from farm to shipping point averaged 30 cents per ton a mile for wheat, 33 cents for corn, and 48 cents for cotton. Truck or tractor transit averaged 15 cents for wheat and corn and 18 cents for cotton. These figures are typical.

"Such advances have been made possible only by realizing that the road is fully as important a factor as the motor truck itself. At present, governors and legislatures alike are outdoing themselves in their support of the movement. Governor Davis has frankly declared that he wants to be known as the 'good roads governor' of the Old Dominion state. Governors Capper and Edge of Kansas and New Jersey, respectively, have just been elected the senate and they enter as enthusiastic advocates of transportation betterment.

"Illinois has voted to build 500 miles of surfaced roads, involving a building program aggregating \$60,000,000. Pennsylvania has passed a bond issue for \$50,000,000 and Michigan for \$55,000,000. Minnesota will shortly add 6,000 miles. Utah has laid out a magnificent concrete system, and Georgia is going to launch 36 local enterprises very soon. New Jersey, Texas, Vermont, Alabama, Ohio, Washington, Montana, Massachusetts, North Carolina and California are among the other states falling into line. The motion seems to be just about unanimous.

"We cannot afford not to pay for such improvements. Not long ago five government trucks made an elaborate test for the express purpose of determining exactly how much is saved by roads. Five standard 'A' trucks of 5.78 miles per gallon of gasoline gave the following results:

Kind of road.	Miles per gal.
Good dirt	5.78
Fair gravel	7.19
Good gravel	9.39
Good brick	9.39
Extra smooth	11.44
Good concrete	11.78

"Do not fail to register your truck and its capacity at our ship-by-truck bureau. We want to keep a full record of all such matters in this vicinity. H. S. Firestone, as is known, has fostered the ship-by-truck movement from the first and our bureau experts are now making a nation-wide study of highways, motor routes, schedules and similar subjects. The information which is being assembled can be had at any time for the asking. We are glad to serve the shipping public whenever we can."

## AN ARKANSAS DRAFT DODGER CONVICTED

By News' Special Service

HEBER SPRINGS, Ark., Sept. 26. Bliss Atkinson, one of the principals in the draft resistance disturbances in this section in July, 1918, was convicted of first degree murder in circuit court yesterday. The jury fixed his punishment at eighteen years in the penitentiary. He was convicted of killing Porter Hazelwood of Heber Springs, member of a sheriff's posse that had gone to the home of Atkinson's father to arrest the three sons who were charged with refusing to register for the draft. Two brothers of the convicted man, Tom and Hardy, will be placed on trial here Monday.

Lawton Constitution: Already the government's income from taxes is sufficient to meet current expenses and leave a balance with which to retire loans. One of the many bright spots in the present administration is the fiscal department.

## CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadersville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before.

I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape.

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use."

Thedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it. NC-128

## GERMANY WATCHING THE FIGHT IN SENATE

By News' Special Service

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—Reports indicating the possibility that the treaty may not be ratified by the United States are causing consternation in democratic circles throughout Germany, while the monarchists and reactionaries are watching with increasing interest the deliberation of the American senate. Count Reventlow writes in the Tages Zeitung that nonratification by the United States senate "would create a multitude of new perspectives for Germany, which a shrewd, active German government could exploit."

It is significant that the Frankfurter Gazette, which during the war and armistice glorified President Wilson's policies, now discusses with alarm the possibility of nonratification saying that the importance and far-reaching consequences of the attitude of the representatives of the American people are very great, not only for the United States, but also for Germany.



## Do You Want to Save Some Money?

Re-insulating a battery is about the most expensive repair there is.

And there's only one kind of battery in general use that isn't practically certain to be re-insulated—or junked—within the next year or two.

That one exception is the Willard Battery with Threaded Rubber Insulation.

Come in and we'll tell you why.

Inspection Free.  
F. A. FORD  
Phone 140  
10th and Broadway



## 20TH INFANTRY GETTING OWN MEN

By the Associated Press

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—A recruiting campaign to add 1,000 men to the 20th United States Infantry, now in progress, is to be the first time a regular army unit ever has been given permission to recruit its own men. Authorization for the undertaking was given by Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding the Central Division, U. S. A. The large number needed for the regiment is ascribed to losses of men used in replacements and discharge of selective service men, and others by reason of expiration of enlistment terms or expiration of the war.

Although there is no definite information, officers of the Twentieth are looking forward confidently to service soon in Siberia, China, the Philippines, or on the Mexican border. The regiment has a record of 28 battle engagements. It was organized in 1861 at the direction of President Lincoln, fought in some of the bloodiest battles of the Civil War and at its close was a part of the army of occupation with headquarters at New Orleans. It participated in Indian wars in the Dakotas, was in Cuba during the Spanish-American conflict and later spent four years in the Philippines. From 1911 to 1917 the Twentieth was on the Mexican border, and in the world war was trained at Camp Funston but, with the entire Tenth Division, was caught by the influenza epidemic and did not get overseas. Two major generals in the world war formerly were captains in the Tenth.

Places it is sought to fill are in the headquarters company and band company, signal, trench mortar and pioneer platoons.

The first battalion now is at Fort Brady, Mich., the second at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, and the third at Fort Crook, Omaha, Neb. Company M now is encamped in Grant Park, Chicago, where it has been for some time on special duty as military police. Recruiting offices have been opened here and at the present stations of the three battalions.

Sour stomach, belching, wind in the bowels and constipation, can be corrected by taking a dose or two of Prickly Ash Bitters. It is just the right thing for such ailments. Price \$1.25 per bottle. Gwin & Mays Drug Co., Special Agents. adv

## Methodist Notices, Wallace M. Crutchfield, Pastor.

Do not fail to be at Sunday School at nine thirty Sunday morning. There is no arm of church activity more important than this organization for the study of the Word of God. Superintendent Bradley will be looking for you, and we will be watching at the door to see you when you get there. There will be a sermon to the Juniors of our congregation at the close of the lesson period.

The morning sermon will have for its theme "Slay Utterly," and we will challenge our people to come clean for God. The Choir will render a worshipful anthem and Prof. Morris will give us inspiring Organ numbers. You will have an opportunity to connect yourself with our church if you so desire.

At the evening hour we will speak as a citizen rather than a minister on "The League of Nations", and our audience will be permitted to vote on a resolution of approval to the President's plan of world-organization, looking to the prevention of all future wars. Our message will be in the nature of a chatty talk rather than a sermon. The public is cordially invited to participate with us in this community meeting, so far as their religious duties will permit.

Germens entering the body with the air we breathe are harmless if the stomach, liver and bowels are healthy. If these organs are torpid and full of impurities the germs thrive and bring on a spell of sickness. To keep the vital organs in good condition take Prickly Ash Bitters. It purifies and regulates the system. Price \$1.25 per bottle. Gwin & Mays Drug Co., special agents. adv

Let a Want Ad sell it for you.

## Lodges

I. O. O. F.  
Ada Lodge No. 146, I. O. O. F.  
Regular meeting every Thursday night.

LEE HARGIS, N. G.  
H. C. EVANS, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.  
Regular meeting of Ada Lodge No. 119, Monday night on or before the full moon in each month.  
MILES GRIGSBY, W. M.  
F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

R. A. M.  
Ada Chapter No. 26, Royal Arch Masons, meets the second Tuesday night in each month.  
D. W. SWAFFAR, H. P.  
F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

K. T. M.  
Ada Commandery No. 16 Knights Templar Masons meets the third Friday of each month.  
C. G. BRADFORD, E. C.  
F. C. SIMS, Recorder.

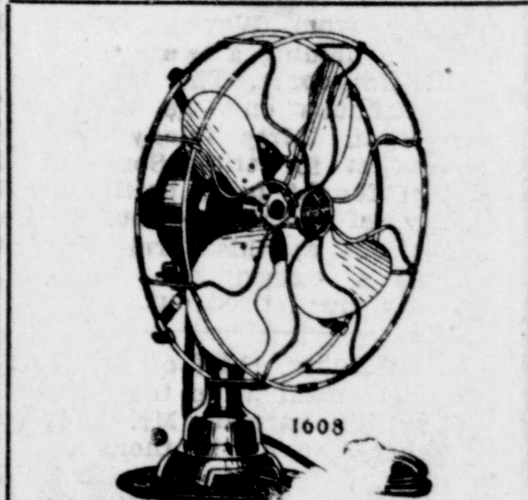
W. O. W.  
Ada Camp No. 568 meets every Tuesday night, I. O. O. F. Hall, 7:30 o'clock.  
HUGH BENNETT, C. C.  
C. E. CUNNING, Clerk.

## ICE and COAL

**Southern Ice & Utilities Co.**  
A. MARSHALL, Manager

## Night School.

At Business College will begin Sept. 22. Classes from 7 to 9 on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. 9-13-1f



## Electric Fans AT Reduced Prices

We are closing out all fans at cost rather than carry them over until next season.

**Ada Electric & Gas Co.**  
119 South Broadway  
Phone 70

## Professional

F. C. SIMS  
Real Estate, Fire and Tornado Insurance—Farm and City Loans  
A share of your patronage is solicited and will receive prompt attention  
Office in I. O. O. F. Building

Office Phone 886. Res. Phone 333  
DR. F. R. LAIRD  
DENTIST  
Office First National Bank Bldg. Ada, Okla.

DR. C. A. THOMAS  
VETERINARY SURGEON  
Office at Hospital  
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Truly a wonderful picture of a woman who dared

Miss Fannie McKinney has returned from a very enjoyable three weeks' visit to relatives at Ashdown and Mineral Springs, Ark. She also stopped over in Atoka for a brief visit to her brother, Lee McKinney, on her return home.



Men who enjoy wearing good shirts will take great pleasure in selecting them from our splendid assortment.

Here are shirts with tailored neckbands that fit—matched cuffs—full bodies and proper sleeve lengths.

Shirts of silk, madras and percale in the New Fall patterns and colors.

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Medium weight underwear in two-piece and union suits, \$1.00 to \$3.50

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**News Wants**

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FOR RENT—One or two rooms and garage.—Mrs. Cain, 20th and Townsend. 9-27-11

WANTED—Chamber maid. See housekeeper at Harris hotel. 9-27-21

WANTED—To buy 3 or 4 room house, good size lot in 5 or 6 blocks of the business part. Phone 704. 9-27-31

WANTED—To rent 4 or 5 room modern house. North side preferred.—Chas. W. Ballard, 1101 N. Oak Ave. 9-27-31\*

FOR RENT—One light housekeeping room at 230 East 14th; two rooms furnished for light housekeeping at 226 East 14th. Telephone 612. 9-27-11

Judge J. W. Bolen returned this morning from Wewoka where he has been holding a two weeks' term of district court. The term was a most arduous one, as there were more than thirty felony cases on the docket for trial. Some of the hardest fought legal battles in the history of Seminole county were fought out at this term of court, and as a consequence, the judge is pretty much tired out.

C. H. Huber, chief of the Durant fire department, is in the city today visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Huber, and his brothers and sisters. Mr. Huber has been fire chief in his city more than twenty years, and will probably be retired within a short time on half pay for the remainder of his life. He says the Durant fire department is rated as the best equipped of any city of that size in the United States.

## TAFT EXPLAINS LEAGUE

States Basic Purpose in First of Series of Six Short Articles.

By EX-PRESIDENT WM. H. TAFT.

The chief purpose of the League of Nations is to keep the world in a state of peace. Another way of expressing it is to say that the League is designed to prevent wars.

We have just finished the greatest, which is to say the most horrible, of all conflicts between nations. We have won a glorious victory. But that victory will be wasted unless this war has made the nations ready to put aside their differences and co-operate to end war forever.

It is not enough, however, to provide for the prevention of wars and the settlement of disputes after they have arisen. We must foresee causes of trouble and remove them before they have reached an acute stage. Hence, there must be provision for frequent consultations of members of the League for exchange of information, for agreement on common policies and for the gradual formation of rules of international law which at present are uncertain and incomplete.

The representatives of the great free nations which won the war have met at Paris and, after long consultation, have drawn an agreement which they believe will accomplish these ends. At the very least it will set in motion great changes which will result in universal benefit to all mankind. This agreement is called the Covenant of the League of Nations and it is a part of the peace treaty.

There will be no League worth talking about, however, unless the United States is a member. The decision as to whether the United States shall join rests with our Senate. The Senators, chosen by the people, will in the end vote as the people desire. For this reason the people themselves will decide whether or not the United States will join the League. In this question every citizen should have a voice. He or she can express opinion either by writing direct to Senators, by letters to the newspapers, by speeches in his lodge or local union or in conversation with friends.

Jack Scores.

The whims of will-makers are many and curious, but for the pure sarcasm commend us to the British sailor who requested his executors to pay his wife one shilling, whereupon to buy hazelnuts, as she had always preferred cracking nuts to mending his stockings.

Revolutionary Congress.

There was no United States government until after the adoption of the federal Constitution in 1789, and the congress in existence during the Revolutionary war was the continental congress of the colonies.

Let a Want Ad sell it for you.

## AT THE CHURCHES

J. C. E., Presbyterian Church.  
Leader, Hubbard Lowery.  
Topic, "Why should we be vocal of our words?"  
Song service.  
Scripture, Psalms 19:18.  
Tails leader.

1—What evils do hasty words bring about?—Harry Lee.  
2—How can we control?—Henry.  
3—How can we get into the habit of speaking kindly?—William.  
Reading, by Juniors.  
Benediction.

Y. P. S. C. E.

(First Christian Church.)  
Subject—Christian Endeavor Fellowship.  
Song—Jesus bids us shine.  
Prayer.

Song—My Faith Looks up to Thee.  
Scripture—I John 1:1-7.  
Prayer.

Vocal solo—Clarice Cartwright.  
Business—Installation of officers.  
Talks—"What we expect of you new officers."  
Song—We need Thee every hour.  
Benediction.

Junior B. Y. P. U. Program.

(Second Baptist Church.)  
Song 139.  
Prayer—Mrs. Wiggins.  
Song 211.  
Subject—Our State, a Mission field.  
Leader—Wilma Hunter.

1—The State Mission Tree—Maurine Tucker.  
2—Baptist and State Missions, Vera Holloway.

3—Sentence from secretaries, Otto McCollum.  
4—Question match.  
5—Officers for State Missions.  
6—Closing song and prayer.

Let us have more new members tomorrow. We begin with a new quarter.

P. Y. P. U. Program Second Baptist Church.

Subject Missionary Meeting—Social Problems in the State.  
Leader—Mable Clark.  
Song—No. 86.  
Prayer—Mrs. Warr.

Introduction—Leader.  
The Problem of Illiteracy and Its Attendant Evils—Mrs. Sneed.

The Problem of the Juvenile Incurable—Mrs. Littlefield.  
The Problem of the Mentally Deficient—Bessie Holloway.

The Problem of Divorce—Connie Clark.  
The Problem of Child Labor—Mr. Hynds.

Our Personal Responsibility—Savannah Keithley.

LOUISE TUCKER.

Captain Group No. 1.

St. Luke's Episcopal Church.

109 E. Fourteenth St.  
Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.  
Morning service at 11 o'clock.

We had a record-breaking attendance last Sunday at the school. Let's keep it up. Be on time. That helps greatly. Classes for all.

You are cordially invited to attend these services. A warm welcome awaits you.—Franklin Davis, Rector.

First Christian Church.

Second Block, South Broadway.  
The Bible school session begins promptly at 9:45. C. E. Cuning is the superintendent. Teachers and officers are earnestly requested to be present on time. They should be present before time for the school to open. Our school is a beehive school. There are some very excellent teachers in it, and any one attending will be profited. All are cordially welcome. Sunday will be promotion day.

Morning church worship opens at 11 o'clock. The minister's sermon will be on the theme, "The Church and the Challenge of the Hour." The Christian Endeavorers will hold their regular meetings at 7:30. They are anxious to have a large attendance.

Evening church worship will begin at 8:30. "Which Church Did

Jesus Establish?" will be the subject of the minister's message. This sermon was to have been delivered last Sunday evening, but the hour was given to Lieut. Wray. The minister is anxious to have all the members present Sunday evening as he believes he has an important message for them. Nor is the invitation limited to the members. Every one is most cordially invited to be present. The theme is an important one. The preacher promises to give a scriptural answer to the question.

The Teacher Training class meets regularly on Monday evening at 7:30. The Workers' Conference will meet Monday evening at 8:30.

First Baptist Church.

Tomorrow is to be observed as State Mission Rally day in our Sunday School, and a special program has been arranged and will be given at the close of the lesson period. Our slogan for tomorrow is "One win two." We are anticipating four or five hundred in Sunday School and will have them if everybody will put forth a little effort, and bring one or two others with you. Wouldn't it be fine if tomorrow we should lead the state in Sunday school attendance? I believe if we could have seven hundred that we would do it. Let every member of the church come tomorrow and bring the whole family this one time. And then let any others come and be with us who will. We are very glad to have any and all faiths in our Sunday School. You are as welcome as the flowers in May.

At the morning hour of worship the pastor will preach on the subject, "The three crosses," and we are especially anxious to have all our folks present to hear this message and also anxious to have strangers and visitors with us.

The Junior B. Y. P. U. No. 1 will meet at 6:30 in the main auditorium and Mrs. C. C. Morris will be in charge, and she is very anxious for a good attendance.

Junior B. Y. P. U. No. 2 will meet at 6:30 in the basement, and Mrs. M. M. Webster will have charge of this meeting. Let all the children between the ages of ten and twelve meet Mrs. Webster at the above hour.

The Senior B. Y. P. U. will meet at 7:15 in the basement of the church. Last Sunday they had about fifty present and a fine program was rendered. Several Normal students have joined with them and we hope to have more of them present tomorrow evening. They are getting ready for the public program to be given Sunday night, October 5.

At 8:15 tomorrow night the pastor will preach an evangelistic sermon, with especial reference to the unsaved. We are always glad to see large numbers of unsaved folks in our congregations. We crave the privilege of leading them to the Lord. May we see you with us tomorrow evening?—Clyde Calhoun Morris, Pastor.

B. Y. P. U. Program First Baptist Church.

President in charge.  
Song service.  
"To the Work," "Zeal" our watch word.

Prayer—Opal Little.  
Business.  
Bible Readers' Quiz—Mrs. Morris.

Scripture Lesson—Matt. 28:16-20.  
Introduction—Leader—Geneva Braly.

The Problem of Illiteracy and Its Attendant Evils—Mr. Hale.  
The Problem of the Juvenile Incurable—Mr. Bell.

The Problem of the Mentally Deficient—Ossie Hawkins.  
The Problem of Divorce—Sam Battles.

The Problem of Child Labor—Oma Laird.

Our Personal Responsibility—Earl Dawson.  
Piano Solo—Geneva Braly.

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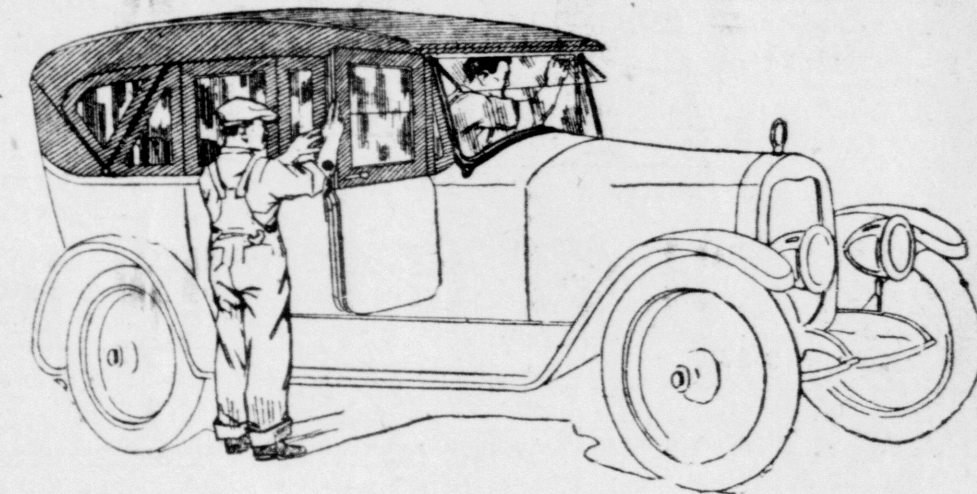
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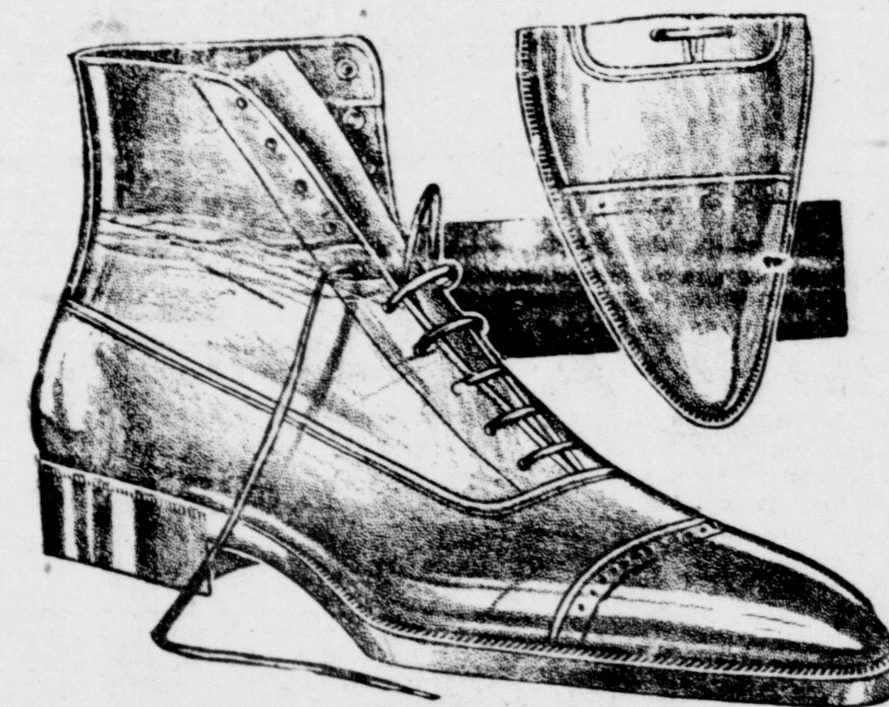
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Photo taken at night, showing Pittsburg steel mill in operation.

Statements of mill officials and strike leaders regarding the extent of the strike have been very con-

tradictory to date. This photo, though, shows the actual situation at one of the big Pittsburg steel

mills. The picture was taken at night. The light from the furnaces made it possible to take the picture.

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